Gettysburg Compiler.

98TH YEAR | GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1916 | NO. 45

BEAUTIFUL HOME WEDDING

MISS HELEN RUPP WEDS YOUNG LUTHERAN MINISTER.

A Fairfield Wedding With Attendants in Quaint Old-Fashioned Gowns.

On Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock a beautiful wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Rupp on West Middle street when their daughter Miss Helen Rupp, became the bride of the Rev. David L. Shaffer of Homestead, a Lutheran minister who graduated from Seminary here in May. The home was prettily decorated with honeysuckle and the ceremony took place under an arch of pink rambler roses and honeysuckle vines.

Before the ceremony Miss Ivy Tawney played Mendelssohn's "Spring Song," "Traumerei," and "O Promise Me," and as the bride and groom descended the stairway Miss Tawney played the Lohengrin March. The wedding party was proceeded by little Miss Caroline Rupp, niece of the bride, as flower girl. The ring service was used, Rev. Joseph B. Baker performing the ceremony.

The bride's gown was of white chiffon poplin, draped with shadow lace and she carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lillies of the valley. After the ceremony an informal reception was held and Rev. and Mrs. Shaffer left on the four o'clock train for a week's honeymoon trip at Johnstown, the home of the groom. They will then go to Homestead where he is pastor of Messiah Lutheran Church.

The bride has been a member of St. James Lutheran Church choir, has taken an active part in church work, and has many friends here. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Adam B. Shaffer of Johnstown. He graduated from Gettysburg College in 1913 and while in college was active in track athletics, being a member of team which made a great record at the Pennsylvania Relays. He graduated from Seminary this year.

Among the out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Shaffer, daughter and son; Mrs. Nevin J. Friedline, Miss Lillian M. Shaffer, and Martin L. Shaffer of Johnstown; Dr. and Mrs. Charles L. Shaffer of Ralphton; Mrs. A. A. Barnett and Mrs. James Shaffer of Sipesville; Mr. and Mrs. George F. Shaffer of Jenners; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rupp, and Miss Clara Bester of Hagerstown.

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Harper — Cunningham. — On last Thursday evening at the home of the bride in Fairfield, Miss Elizabeth Cunningham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Cunningham and James Harper of Patterson, N. C., were united in marriage, the ceremony being performed by Rev. D. W. Woods, the ring service being used. The home was tastefully decorated with daisies and ferns and a color scheme of yellow and green was arranged. The ceremony took place under a wedding bell and at the conclusion the little flower girl pulled a ribbon releasing a shower of rose petals over the bride and groom. The Lohengrin wedding march was played by Miss Janet Cunningham as the wedding party entered the parlor. The bride wore a handsome gown of white satin and Georgette crepe made with court train and a veil and carried a bouquet of roses and lillies of the valley. The two attendants of the bride were her sisters, Misses Helen and Margaret Cunningham, the former n gown of pale green and latter gowned in pale yellow, both carried arms full of daisies tied with green chiffon. Miss Elizabeth Bigham of this place was flower girl and wore a dress of white organdie. The gowns of all attendants were made in a quaint fashion of another day. Richard Harper of Patterson, N. C., a brother of groom, was best man. The Mendelssohn March was used as the recessional. An informal reception followed the ceremony and supper was served to about sixty guests. The newly-weds went to Chambersburg by automobile and from there started on a honeymoon trip to Canada. After July 15 they will be at home at Patterson, N. C., where the groom is employed as a cotton manufacturer.

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Fickel—Myers.—Charles Harrison Fickel, son of Gilbert Fickel of Latimore township, and Grace Elizabeth Myers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Myers of Uriah, Cumberland county, were married at the Van Scoyoc home near York Springs on last Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Wm. F. McKinney, pastor of the local M. E. Church. The bride is housekeeper at the Van Scoyoc home and the groom is a Latimore township farmer.

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Baker — Seabright. — On Sunday, June 18, in the Lutheran Church of East Berlin, by the pastor, Rev. F. C. Sternat, Miss Laura Seabright, a daughter of Mrs. Emma Seabright of East Berlin, and John Baker, son of Mrs. Nathaniel Baker of Reading township, were united in marriage at 8.30 a. m.

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Everhart — Hollinger.—Miss Martha A. Hollinger of Harrisburg, and Earl Everhart were married Tuesday at the home of the bride, her father, Rev. Adam M. Hollinger, officiating. After a wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Everhart left for New York and Buffalo, and upon their return will reside in a newly furnished home in Harrisburg. Mr. Everhart was a former resident of York Springs and is a nephew of Daniel Utz, of near that place.

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King—Biglow.—Miss Mildred Biglow, daughter of Mrs. Charles Sargent, New York, and the Rev. Guy Beaver King, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel King of Fairfield, were married in Holy Trinity Church, New York, of which the Rev. Mr. King is assistant pastor, Wednesday, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. Harry Pierce Nicholas. Mr. King is a graduate of Gettysburg College, completing his course in 1908.

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Baker—Singley.—Miss Nellie M. Singley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Singley of Fairfield, and Robert Baker of Charmian, were married in Hagerstown on June 15 by Rev. E. K. Thomas. The bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs John Baker. Miss Carrie Baker, his sister, was the bridesmaid.

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Shaeffer—Gillian.—Norman Shaeffer, Littlestown, and Miss Ethel Gillian, Shiremanstown, were married in Huntingdon Monday morning by the Rev. George Woomer.

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Burgard—Cully.—On June 17, in York, Charles Burgard, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Burgard, formerly of East Berlin, and Miss Mamie Cully, both of York.

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Black — Hoverter.—Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Alice J. Hoverter of Harrisburg, and John W. Black, of near Bendersville. The ceremony was performed in Hagerstown by Elder O. S. Highbarger.

Fourth of July and Lock Jaw.

Burgess Eicholtz has issued his orders that the setting off of any kind of fireworks will only be permitted between the hours of 7 a. m. and 12 midnight on Tuesday, July 4th, and the policemen are to see that there are no fireworks at any other time. In order that the dealers may sell their fireworks and the people may burn them up and not die from lockjaw by reason of injuries that are liable to occur, the State has made provision to prevent death in its most awful form from tetanus in the following way:

Preparations have been made by Commissioner of Health Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, for the distribution of tetanus antitoxin to protect those injured on the Fourth of July. Last year in Pennsylvania 299 people were reported as injured on the Fourth. Of these injuries 155 were by powder and fire-works, 17 by fire arms, 29 by cannon, 73 by fire crackers, and 25 by blank cartridges, but no cases of tetanus developed.

The early administration of tetanus antitoxin following injuries from fire works or gun shot wounds is the only certain way of preventing lock-jaw and Dr. Dixon has made arrangements for its State wide distribution. It will be furnished without cost to the poor.

Tetanus antitoxin should be administered within 24 hours after the wounds have been received. Physicians may secure immuninzing doses of 1500 units on application to the stations listed if they will certify that the same is for the treatment of indigent persons.

Statistics which have been collected for the past eight years show that blank cartridge wounds are particularly dangerous as the cause of tetanus. Out of 1088 cases of tetanus reported following Fourth of July injuries, blank cartridge wounds were the cause responsible for 889 of them.

The Tetanus Antitoxin Distributor in Adams county, C. W. Beales of Gettysburg.

Electric Light for New Oxford.

The Town Fathers of New Oxford last week adopted an ordinance and contract unanimously. The first provided that the Hanover Light, Heat and Power Company be given a franchise for 30 years for the erection and maintenance of an electric lighting system in the Borough of New Oxford. The contract provided that the Borough of New Oxford enter into a contract with the Hanover L., H. & P. Co. for a five-year lighting contract to furnish light for the borough with four 250 watt lights and [illegible] 50 watt lights at the rate of $18.50 per year, these lights to burn from dusk until midnight every night with the exception of clear moonlight nights when they will not burn at all, and the company agreed to furnish to the Borough [illegible] hours of current to be used in the Council room and equipping [illegible] free of charge for the term of the contract, also to have the light plant erected and in operation within six months time.

The Hanover Light, Heat and Power Company has formally accepted the ordinances passed by the borough council of New Oxford and has entered into the contract for street lighting there.

This is the forerunner of the big consolidation of light companies in Adams county which, it is planned, will include Gettysburg, adjacent townships, and all that territory between Gettysburg and Hanover. It is understood that this matter is now being pressed, and that an early completion of the consolidation plans will be forthcoming.

"ROUGH ON RATS" ends RATS, MICE, Bugs. Die outdoors. Unbeatable Exterminator. Used World Over. by U. S. Gov't too. **Economy Size 25c** or 15c. Drug & Country Stores. Refuse substitutes. FREE. Comic Picture R. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

THE VALLEY OF SHADOW

DOWN WHICH A NUMBER OF OUR PEOPLE HAVE GONE.

Granddaughter of a Governor of Pennsylvania—Others in Town and County.

Miss M. Louisa Wolf, a granddaughter of a Governor of Pennsylvania, George Wolf, who gave the State the first public school law, died at her home on York street on Wednesday afternoon from paralysis at the age of 68 years, 3 months and 28 days. She had been in failing health for some time. She was a daughter of Henry G. Wolf, who had served two terms as Clerk of the Courts of this county. She lived her entire life in this place. She is survived by two sisters and five brothers, Mrs. E. R. Fuhror of Pittsburgh, Mrs. J. Emory Plank of Gettysburg, W. W. Wolf of Atlantic, Ia., John Wolf of South Dakota, Harry Wolf of Kansas City, Mo., Edward Wolf of Guthrie Centre, Ia., and George O. Wolf of Philadelphia. The funeral was held Friday afternoon services by Rev. J. B. Baker and Rev. D. M. Moser, and interment in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. Nancy Elizabeth Wierman, widow of the late John William Wierman, died at her home in Huntington township, at Wierman's Mill, on last Friday. She had suffered a stroke of apoplexy on May 30, 1915, and had been in failing health since. Mrs. Wierman's maiden name was Myers and she was born at Hampton on May 27, 1850. She graduated from Cottage Hill Seminary, York, and after her marriage made her home at Wierman's Mill. She is survived by one daughter, Miss Maude Wierman, at home, and a sister, Mrs. L. L. Peters, York Springs. Funeral was held Monday, services by Rev. Glatfelter, interment in Hampton Cemetery.

Mrs. Salome Ketterer died in Lancaster on Sunday at the advanced age of 95 years, 1 month and 3 days. She was the widow of the late Geo. Keterer, who died many years ago in New York City. After his death she lived part of the time with relatives in Abbottstown. She was born in Alsace, France, her maiden name being Salome Jordy. The funeral was held in Lancaster where her only daughter lives, Mrs. Henrietta McDonnell. She is survived by the following nieces and nephews: Mrs. T. C. Miller of Abbottstown, Mrs. Prudence Ketterer of New York City; Dr. George H. Jordy of Hanover, Dr. Lewis Jordy of York, Dr. Geo. H. Kobler and Lewis Kobler of Philadelphia, Percival Kobler, Geo. Jordy and William Jordy of New York City.

Mrs. Rosa Baum, wife of Jacob Baum of York, died on Wednesday after a protracted illness of several years. Death was the result of heart trouble. Mrs. Baum was aged 56 years. She was a native of East Berlin where she spent her early life. She was a daughter of the late Rudolph Ketterman. She is survived by her husband, Jacob Baum, and the following children, Mrs. Dwight Wallick of Gettysburg, and G. Harold Baum and John Baum of York. Funeral was held Friday in York with interment in that city.

Mrs. Mary Flickinger, widow of the late Reuben Flickinger, died in Hanover on Monday, June 26. Mrs. Flickinger received a stroke of paralysis Tuesday preceding, which caused her death at the age of 76 years, 6 months and 6 days. She was before marriage Miss Mary Heilman, daughter of the late Eli and Mary Moul Heilman of Berwick township. She was married 55 years ago to Mr. Flickinger, who died 10 years ago. She is survived by the following daughters: Mrs. Ida Englestine of York, Miss Amanda Flickinger of New Oxford, Mrs. Rebecca Crowell of Hanover, and Mrs. Gilbert Tawney of Harrisburg. Also by one sister, Mrs. John Gates of New Oxford. Funeral was on Thursday, services by Rev. A. M. Hollinger, interment on the family lot in Mt. Olivet Cemetery, Hanover.

Mrs. Sarah C. Kiser, wife of John H. Kiser of near Detour, Md., died at her home June 22, of cancer, aged 58 years, 2 months and 9 days. Besides her husband she is survived by four sons and two brothers, namely: Wm. Bentzell of Sabillasville, John Bentzell of Graceham, Mrs. James Kiser of Keysville, Mrs. Augustus Kiser of Silver Run, Mrs. Missouri Hull of Fountain Dale, this county, Mrs. Emma Engleman, of Baltimore. Mrs. Kiser underwent an operation at a Baltimore hospital on February 4. Although the cancer was not troublesome before that time after the operation it continued to get worse. Funeral services were held last Saturday by her pastor, Rev. L. B. Hafer, interment in Taneytown Lutheran Cemetery.

Mrs. Mary K. McKnight, widow of the late Dr. Harvey W. McKnight, died suddenly at her home on Carlisle street early Thursday morning from heart trouble. Mrs. McKnight had been enjoying her usual health, having taken an auto ride with friends on Wednesday evening. While she had suffered at times from attacks of heart trouble there was no premonition of any such trouble upon retiring. During the night she was seized with an attack. Physician and neighbors were summoned but before their arrival she had expired.

Mrs. McKnight was born in Gettysburg on Nov. 1, 1841, a daughter of the late Solomon and Jane Livingston Welty. She was married to Dr. H. W. McKnight in 1867 and helped him in his work as pastor of Lutheran Churches at Newville, Easton and Cincinnati. The family came to Gettysburg in 1884 when Dr. McKnight was elected President of Gettysburg College and for twenty years Mrs. McKnight resided at the President's House on the campus, having a host of friends who held her in highest esteem. Dr. McKnight died in 1914.

The funeral will be held on Saturday from house at 2 p. m. Services will be in charge of Dr. A. E. Wagner, pastor of College Lutheran Church, of which she was a member, and interment will be made in the Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. McKnight leaves two daughters, Mrs. Luther DeYoe of Germantown, and Mrs. Luther S. Black of Easton. She also leaves two sisters and a brother, Mrs. John W. Hay of Harrisburg, Mrs. Dailey of Knoxville, Tenn., and John Welty of Buffington, Ind.

Mrs. Elizabeth Julius, widow of the late Thomas Julius, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Ezra Stambaugh near Abbottstown, on Sunday aged 80 years, 11 months and 2 days. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. Ezra Stambaugh with whom she made her home, Charles Julius of Dover, Peter Julius of York R. F. D., and Conrad Julius of Pilsen Station. The following brothers and sisters also survive: Peter Altland of Berlin Road, Mrs. David Zartman of Dover, Mrs. David Shaffer of near Abbottstown. The funeral was held on Wednesday, services by Rev. George W. Enders, Jr.

Mrs. James A. Armstrong, 70 years old, widow of Dr. James A. Armstrong of Hallam, died at her home last Saturday morning after an illness of several weeks. Funeral was held on Tuesday at the Abbottstown Lutheran Church, services by Rev. F. C. Sternat, with burial in the adjoining cemetery.

Cornelius Fitzgerald, a veteran of the Civil War, died at the home of his son, Joseph Fitzgerald, Reading township, near New Chester, on Monday aged 78 years, 7 months and 27 days. Mr. Fitzgerald had been sick about seven months. He was a son of the late John Fitzgerald of Huntington township, and is the last surviving member of his family. For many years he lived in Tyrone township where he was engaged at farming, but about fifteen months ago moved to the home of his son, in Reading township. Mr. Fitzgerald served during the Civil War as a member of Co. B, 149th Pennsylvania Volunteers. He is survived by the following children: John of Huntington township, Joseph of Reading township, and George and Clayton of New Chester. The funeral was held Thursday with services by Rev. Paul Glatfelter assisted by the Rev. Mr. Becker, at Ground Oak Church, of which the deceased was a member.

Mrs. Percival Schmuck died at Mt. Vernon, N. Y., on Tuesday. She had been ill for some time and was a patient at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, for several weeks. Mrs. Schmuck's maiden name was Miss Gertrude Fisk and she formerly resided in New York City. Besides her husband she is survived by a daughter. Mr. Schmuck is a son of the late Henry M. Schmuck of Hanover, and a brother of J. H. Schmuck, E. R. Schmuck, Mrs. C. Walters Kendig, of Hanover, Mrs. John N. Hersh of New Oxford, and Mrs. Blanche Lewis of Mt. Carmel, Pa.

Frederick J. Wise, son of the late Sebastian Wise of Paradise township, York county, died Tuesday morning of last week at his home in Minneapolis, Minn., aged about 58 years. Surviving are his wife, who was Miss Alice Blevenour of Paradise township, several children, all of the West. Two sisters survive, Mrs. Wm. Miller of East Berlin, and Mrs. Henrietta Brown, and a brother John Wise of Williamsport.

Nervin G. Deardorff, a well known young farmer of Huntington township, died on last Sunday at his home several miles from Round Hill. His death was caused by tuberculosis from which he had been ill for some time. He was aged 32 years and 8 months. He leaves his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Deardorff, also of Huntington township, his wife, who before marriage was Miss Tottorff, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Tottorff, and a young daughter, Hannah. He is survived by one brother, Chas. Deardorff, of near New Oxford, and the following sisters: Mrs. Robert Howe of Round Hill, Mrs. Chas. Chronister of near York Springs, Mrs. Joseph Herman of New Oxford, and Mrs. Mervin Wiand of near East Berlin. Funeral was held on Wednesday, interment in the New Oxford Cemetery, services by Rev. Irvin S. Ditzler.

Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into the shoes and use in the foot-bath, for use among the troops, because it gives rest and comfort to hot, tired, aching, swollen, tender feet and makes walking easy. At druggists everywhere, 25c.

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rupp, West Middle street accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rupp on their return to Hagerstown after attending the wedding of Miss Helen Rupp and Rev. David Shaffer on Wednesday.

—Edward Mumper of Montana is expected to arrive here on Saturday to visit his father, Levi Mumper, who is critically ill at his home on East Middle street. Mr. Mumper is a ranch owner in Montana where he has resided since leaving Gettysburg seventeen years ago.

—Last Sunday's "North American" contained a large two column photograph of Mrs. J. Rowe Stewart of Philadelphia, who was in charge of the committee that entertained the many women who attended the annual convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World in session in that city this week. Mrs. Stewart is a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Diehl, Baltimore street.

—Samuel Gilliland who was recently appointed to West Point by Congressman Beales, has received word that on account of not being sufficiently advanced in his college course, he can not be admitted to the Academy. Word that Mr. Gilliland could not be accepted was not received in time for the alternate, Theodore Morris to take his place for this appointment. The next appointment occurs in July and Mr. Morris will be then selected. He will have to wait, however, until next March to take the examinations which will admit to sext year's class.

—Herbert L. Grimm of Waynesboro, who was one of the first editors of the "Daily Star and Sentinel" enlisted with Co. C, from Chambersburg, and started for Mexico with the Pennsylvania troops this week. It is likely that Mr. Grimm will correspond for several city papers if he is successful in getting to the front.

—The engagement of Miss Mary Duttenhofer of Lancaster, to Dr. Samuel Bruner of Harrisburg, was announced at a luncheon given by Miss Duttenhofer in honor of her guest, Mrs. Wayne Keet of Gettysburg, on Friday. The wedding will take place this fall. Dr. Bruner is a son of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Bruner, Chambersburg street, and holds a responsible position with the State Live Stock Sanitary Board.

—Miss Anna C. Stahley has returned to Easton after a visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. G. D. Stahley, Carlisle street.

—John Shealer of the State Constabulary, has returned to his post at Pottsville after spending several days at his home here.

—Rev. and Mrs. J. Harold Wolf and daughter of Dillsburg, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Johns, Steinwehr avenue.

—Miss Dorothy Neely of York Springs is spending several weeks with her aunts the Misses Lott, at their home near Gettysburg.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Montfort and daughter of East Middle street, have gone to Palestine, Ohio, where they will visit relatives for some time.

—Miss Jane Gilbert, Baltimore street, is the guest of Mrs. Paul Kepple and Mrs. Hamilton at their home near Vandergrift, Pa.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bailey and daughter have returned to their home in Westfield, N. J., after spending several weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Baker, Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Arbogast and daughter Nancy of Pottsville are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Storrick at their home on Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Roy Brumbaugh and daughter spent this week with Mrs. Brumbaugh's grandmother, Mrs. M. Valentine at her home on Springs avenue.

—Miss Margaret Schriver has returned to her home in Philadelphia after a week's visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Hartman.

—William Weaver, Baltimore St., has gone to Redfield, Me., where he will spend the summer at Camp Dunkelmann, a boy's camp. He was accompanied by Robert Cunningham of Fairfield who is one of the directors of the camp.

—Miss Helen Clark, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Stallsmith, East Middle street, for several weeks has returned to her home in Altoona. She was accompanied by Miss Ruth Stallsmith who will be her guest for some time.

—John Garvin has returned to his home in Philadelphia after spending several days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Garvin, Buford avenue.

—Miss Norma Burgoon and Miss Catherine Deardorff have gone to Millersville where they will attend the summer session of the State Normal School.

—Luther Musselman, Baltimore street, has gone to Wildwood, N. J., where he will spend the summer months.

—Horace and Brady Armor have returned to their home on East Middle street after a visit with their brother, Robert Armor, at his home in Wilmington, Del.

—Mrs. Paul Basehoar of Philadelphia is spending several weeks with relatives in town.

—Dr. Maurice S. Weaver left on Wednesday for Pittsburgh to take up his duties as resident physician at the Allegheny General Hospital.

—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Hershey have returned to their home on York street after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hershey at Greensburg, Pa.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Wolf have returned from Glen Rock, Pa., where they visited Rev. J. B. Wolf and family for several days.

—Mrs. Anna Lake of Centre Square left on Wednesday to spend the summer months with friends in New Jersey and New York.

—Miss Hannah Boyle, West High street, is spending a month at her home in Hazleton, Pa.

—John H. Sachs, East Middle St., has gone to Jersey City, N. J., to spend the summer months.

—Mrs. L. I. Hill of Centre Square was the guest this week of Mr. and Mrs. Witherow at Taneytown, Md.

—Miss Minerva Taughinbaugh of York street, is attending the summer school at State College.

—Miss Ruth McIlhenny, who is teaching school in West Chester is spending the summer vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McIlhenny, Lincoln avenue.

—Mrs. Paul Blocher and daughter of Ellwood City, spent Sunday with Mrs. Blocher's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hartman at their home on Hanover street.

—Mrs. I. J. Grenoble, Chambersburg street, is spending two weeks at the home of her son, W. S. Grenoble, in Lebanon.

—Mrs. Wm. Flemming and Mrs. Henry Kalbfleisch were the guests of friends in Waynesboro this week.

—Mrs. D. L. Snyder and children of Mifflintown, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Armor, East Middle street.

—Charles Baker has accepted a position with the "Lutheran Church Work and Observer" and will be located in Princeton, Ill. He will leave for that city in about two weeks.

—Miss Margaret Stroud has returned to her home at Verona after a visit with Miss Reba Miller, York street.

—Prof. S. R. Wing of Broadway has gone to East Hebron, N. H., where he will have charge of a camp of thirty boys for two months. Mrs. L. R. Wing has gone to Philadelphia to spend some time with relatives and during the summer residence on Broadway will be occupied by Dr. H. M. Hartman and family of Baltimore street.

—Mrs. F. M. Drais, Springs avenue, tripped while descending a flight of stairs at her home on Monday and fell, fracturing her left leg just above the ankle.

—Between 300 and 500 members of Monumental Lodge No. 96 of the Masonic Fraternity of Baltimore will visit Gettysburg on August 2. The Hotel Wabash will be their headquarters during their stay here.

—C. S. Reaser has purchased from C. M. Wolf the "Garden Auditorium" property fronting sixty feet on Hanover street at private terms. The building has for some time been used as a storage for the Reaser Furniture Company.

Rural Carriers Meet.

A well attended and enthusiastic meeting of the York-Adams Rural Letter Carriers' Association was held in Gettysburg on last Saturday evening. The meeting was attended by nearly all the Adams county carriers and also a number from York county. The meeting was held in the Lincoln Room in P. W. Stallsmith's building. Ten new members, all from Adams county, were admitted to the organization Saturday evening, the membership now numbering 86. The carriers discussed betterments to service to eliminate inconveniences to patrons and their suggestions were along the line of restoring the old order of things where the changes have led to serious complaint.

S. L. Johns Gets Plant.

S. L. Johns has secured another plant for Mt. Joy, the new settlement between McSherrystown and Hanover. He states that he has contracted with a large shirt jobbing concern of New York City for the erection of a building 40 by 100 feet to be three stories high for the manufacture of a fine grade of shirts. The building is to be completed by September 1. Operatives of more than a hundred or more hands will be taken from the start, filling contracts for making from 600 to 1000 dozens of shirts per week. The factory will be known as the Mt. Joy Shirt Factory.

O. of I. A. Election.

The semi-annual election of Battlefield Council No. 237, resulted as follows: Councilor, Chester Mehring; Vice Councilor, J. C. Nau; Recording Secretary, W. H. Frey; Assistant Recording Secretary, H. E. Koch; Financial Secretary, C. D. Stallsmith; Treasurer, W. J. Stansbury; Chaplain, M. P. Baker; Warden, Luther McDonnell; Conductor, M. W. Stansbury; Inside Sentinel, Wilbur Geiselman; Outside Sentinel, J. D. Kelly; Trustee, G. W. G. Heagy; Organist, James McDonnell.

Six Less Dogs.

There are six less dogs in town. They were unlicensed dogs put to death by Constable Wilson in compliance with the law. Constables throughout the county have been giving the same treatment to the unlicensed dog. The law expects every dog to be licensed by the owner and the authorities have determined upon the payment of tax and license tag, or a dead dog.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM—NO PHOSPHATE

ARENDTSVILLE.

Owing to so much rain last week that prevented picking cherries many bushels were lost.

Isaac D. Knouse has his new barn up and ready for the coming crop.

The pear and quince trees are very much blighted in this locality.

Edwin A. Rice has purchased a new automobile.

H. Allen Miller who has a position in an undertaker's establishment in York, is the guest in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Miller, in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Miller of Chambersburg spent several days here in the home of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Knouse.

Daniel D. Bucher reports clover stalks 3 1-2 feet tall.

Mrs. W. E. Wolff and daughter Catherine went to Boston, Mass., to the graduating exercises at Tuft's College and to visit Drs. Bruce M. and D. O. Wolff, both of Boston.

Mrs. Thomas Bushman who before marriage was Miss Sarah Lower, was born and lived in this community the former part of her life and spent the latter part in Altoona, Pa., where she died last Thursday. She is survived by her husband and Miss Alice Bushman of Altoona, and one brother, John Dorsey Lower and one sister, Mrs. Geo. G. Plank of Arendtsville. The funeral was held last Monday, interment in Altoona. She was a frequent visitor among her relatives and old acquaintances here by whom she will be long remembered.

Fulton Gallagher who left here 17 years ago and now resides in Pierce, Arizona, with his wife and their son Francis, are visiting relatives and old friends here. They made the trip of 2500 miles in his automobile. He says Pierce, the town where he now resides, is only 40 miles from the Mexican border and things are very exciting there now.

Mrs. Allen B. Trostle spent several days recently with her brothers Drs. Bruce M. and D. O. Wolff, in Boston, Mass. P.

BARLOW.

The Mt. Joy S. S. rendered their Children's Day service on June 18, opened by music by the orchestra, followed by song and chorus by the school, Hail Joyous Day, Gloria Patri by all, followed by prayer by the Rev. Stockslager; Responsive Reading by pastor and school. Welcome Song by school; Greeting, Martha Durboraw; Welcome Song by Catharyn and Virginia Luckenbaugh, Gladys and Catharyn Durboraw; recitation, Rose Buds, Marguerite Sharetts, Walter and Claude Fissel, Romaine Hartman and Ethel Rose; song by Ruth and Mary Seiss; recitation, Willis Weikert and Maurice Fissel; exercise, Beauty Everywhere, Martha Durboraw, Cathryn Durboraw, Mary Waybright, Romaine Hartman; song by Gertrude Keefauver and Elsie Geiselman's class; exercist, The Message of the Flowers, Ruth Seiss, Pauline Weikert, Catharyn Durboraw, Gladys Durboraw, Virginia Luckenbaugh and Mary Seiss; recitation, The Bird's Song, Glenn Black and Paul Koons; recitation, Mary Waybright; exercise, Clyde Williams, Raymond Cromer, Wilbur ouker; recitation, Ruth Reinecker; recitation, Alverta Rose; recitaton, Margaret Reid; solo, Take My Heart, Dear Jesus, Miss Ruth Herr; recitation, George Stockslager; exercise, Sunbeams, by seven girls from Intermediate Department; recitation, Viola Koons; recitation, Cordelia Hartman; recitation, Mary Knight; recitation, What I Want to Be, by six boys from the Intermediate Dept.; recitation, Geo. Koons; recitation, G. Yingling; song, school, A Father's Care; exercise, Spiritual Armour, by seven girls from Intermediate Department; exercise, How to Keep the Day, Mildred Stockslager, Mary Cromer, Marguerite Jacobs, Lucy Knight; song by the school, Loyal Children of the King; dialogue, At Loysville, by Guy Sentz, Clarence Waybright, Howard Starner, Carrie Luckenbaugh, Ruth Herr, Pauline and Willis Weikert; address by pastor; offering was then taken which amounted to $20.03; music by orchestra; closing song by school, Trust in God; announcements; benediction. J.F.S.

Wonderful New U. S. Gun.

A model of a new kind of gun, amazingly simple, effective, was secretly tried out a few weeks ago on Government testing grounds at Sandy Hook, N. Y. Army officers who were present were amazed, and predicted that the new idea would put all other modern big-guns out of business.

The new gun is powderless, noiseless, smokeless, powerful, accurate, and without recoil. It is easily and quickly made, at much smaller cost than the present big gun. Any machinist can make it. It can be carried on a wagon or automobile, and fired as well from a grassy field, or from a small boat, as from concrete foundations. Any unskilled soldier can aim it with surprising accuracy, and fire it. It will throw any kind of missiles—solid shot, explosive shell, incendiary bomb, gas bombs, stones or even eggs.

This machine—for it is more a machine than a gun—was invented lately in the United States, but its inventor's name has not been made public.

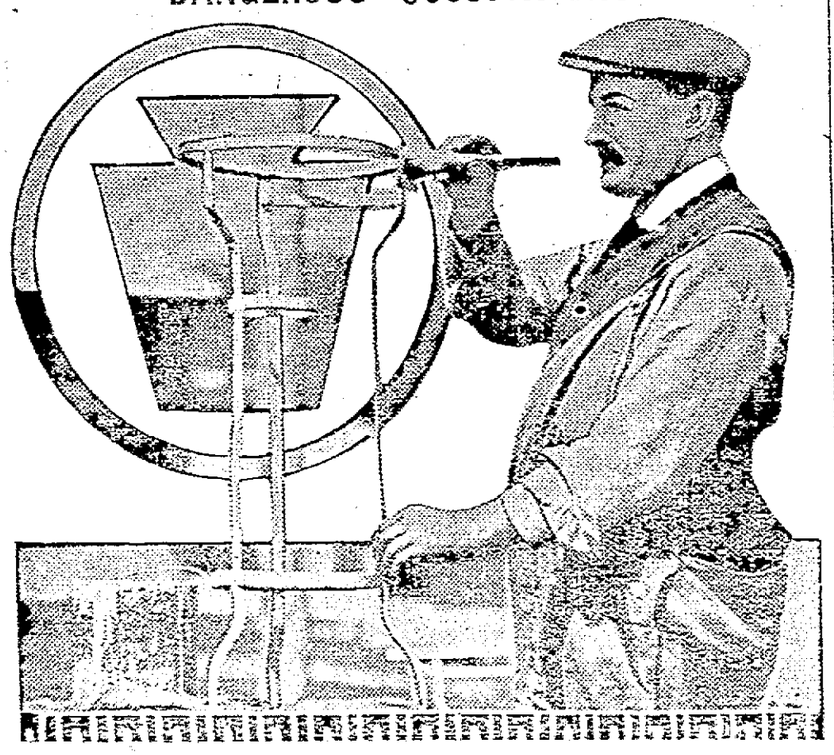
Though the invention seems so new, it is really as old as the human race. It was invented, inprinciple, by the first boy when he threw the first stone.

To put it more scientifically, the harnessing of centrifugal force is what does the work. Any kind of engine will run the machine—steam, gasoline or electric.

The first crude working mode could be packed in a dry-goods box. It threw shots to a distance of a mile and a half, so accurately that fifty shots struck inside of a two-foot ring. The power? An electric motor of only one-half of a horse-power! With more powerful motors there seems to be hardly any limit to what the new "gun" can do. It can be regulated to fire one shot a second or one shot an hour, as desired. A large model will be ready for trial in a few weeks.

"ROUGH ON RATS" ends RATS, MICE, Bugs. Die outdoors. Unbeatable Exterminator. Used World Over, by U. S. Gov't too. **Economy Size 25c** or 15c. Drug & Country Stores. Refuse substitutes. FREE. Comic Picture R. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

DANGEROUS OCCUPATIONS



Our occupations often have a vital bearing on the question of health. The statistics collected by the State Department of Health show that those who follow certain trades which require close application and long hours in ill ventilated workrooms, are more susceptible to tuberculosis than those whose occupations take them into the open air and require a reasonable amount of exercise. There are other factors, but this is unquestionably one of the predisposing causes in many cases.

At the State Tuberculosis Sanatoria the patients spend practically their entire time, both night and day, in the open air. The outdoor life, with good food and long periods of rest, under intelligent medical care and the supervision of trained nurses form the basis of the treatment. The gains which many of the patients make are surprising.

When they have arrived at a condition in which the disease is arrested and they are physically able to do a certain amount of work, the question of occupation and employment naturally arises. In connection with an Institution the size of Mont Alto, which is a little city in itself, there are many light tasks which can be performed by those patients who have sufficiently recovered. Commissioner of Health, Samuel G. Dixon, has arranged that all such work shall be given to patient employees who are paid in proportion to the amount of time which the doctors feel they can devote to the work without risk. When patients leave the Institution, they are advised to secure work which will permit them to be in the open air, as in many instances a return to confining occupations would result in a possible recurrence of the disease

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Considering the labor of handling and spreading, our customers recommend it as the most economical of all forms of lime.

There's 50c worth of immediately available potash in every ton, for which no charge is made—why not buy your Spring supply at once?

Security Cement and Lime Co.
Hagerstown, Md.

Sold By
W. OYLER & BRO.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Fulton County Railroad.

The building of the Fort Loudon & McConnellsburg railroad seems now an assured project. All the necessary steps toward its construction and equipment have been taken. The contract for the construction of the road has been awarded C. E. Coon, of New York City. Work is to begin on July 1 and to be completed in five months. Part of construction work was done last summer. The contract for the equipment of the road has also been awarded to Coon's organization. It consists of two engines, three passenger cars and two flat cars. It is understood that a working agreement will be entered into with the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company to pass its cars over the road. A New York banking firm has taken over the entire bond issue of $390,000. It is understood that of this amount more than $150,000 has already been sold by them.

Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into the shoes and use in the foot-bath, for use among the troops, because it gives rest and comfort to hot, tired, aching, swollen, tender feet and makes walking easy. At druggists everywhere, 25c.

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Don't expect the baby to *thrive* in air you've breathed over and over again *yourself*. No oxygen in *that* air. Nothing but *danger*.

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EVANSTON, ILLINOIS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with will annexed, on the estate of Adam C. Miller, late of the Township of Reading, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

WM. C. WEAVER,
Administrator,
Hampton,
Adams Co., Pa.

Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

Are You A Temperance Man?

you can sell insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn $100 to $200 per month as special or General Agent in your county. Experience not necessary. The only Life Insurance Institution that does not insure the Drinker. PROMOTION and PERMANENT POSITION to acceptable men who make good.
John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 95 William St., New York. j 17 4t

NOTICE.

The first and final account of The Citizens' Trust Company, trustee of fund for use of Susan Armor, now deceased, under will of Charles Armor, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, has been filed in my office and will be presented to an Orphans' Court of Adams County for confirmation absolute on June 19, 1916.

W. D. SHEELY,
Clerk O. C.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of H. Albert Fissel, late of the Township of Huntington, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

OLIVE E. FISSEL,
Executrix.

Or her attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

SPRING 1916

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The dragging weight of an unconfined bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled.

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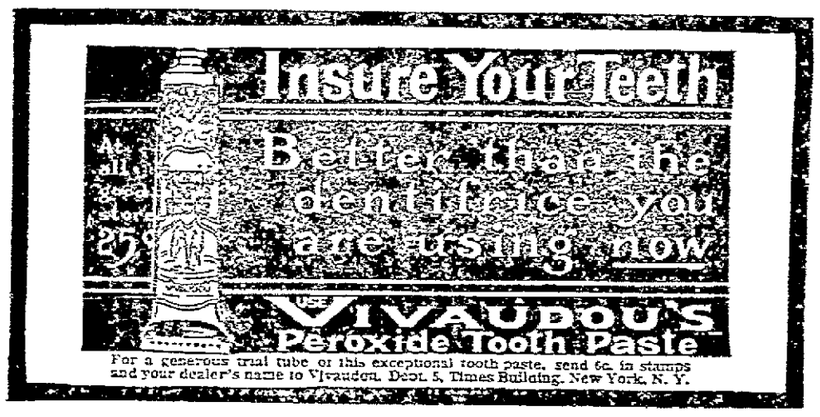

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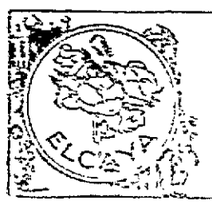

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AGRICULTURAL POINTERS

PEACH CROP 70 PER CENT YIELD IN ADAMS COUNTY.

Prospects for Apple Crop Here Are 72 Per Cent of Normal Yield.

The peach crop in many sections of Pennsylvania will be a complete failure according to reports that have reached the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture but from present indications the crop for the entire State will be about 60 per cent. of a normal yield with the fruit belt in Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Cumberland and York counties producing over seventy per cent. of a normal yield.

The counties where the crop will be unusually small are Allegheny, Armstrong, Butler, Cambria, Forest, Jefferson, Lackawana, Union, Warren and Wyoming. In Fayette, Indiana, Somerset and Westmoreland counties there are practically no peaches.

Thirty-four counties report that the crop will be better than two-thirds of a normal yield and many of them are the counties in which peach growing has been made a specialty. Reports of a heavy drop have reached the Department, but unless conditions are unfavorable during the remainder of the season about sixty per cent. of the normal yield is expected from the State.

Present indications point to a splendid apple crop in Pennsylvania and especially in some sections where conditions are said to be favorable for a much larger yield than last year. Reports received by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture indicate that the apple crop of the State will be about 93 per cent. of a normal yield.

In some counties the prediction is made that there will be as high as fifteen per cent. more apples than normally while in the fruit belt the reports indicate a yield of about 85 per cent. of normal.

The counties in which especially good results are expected are Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Clarion, Clinton, Crawford, Elk, Erie, Forest, Lackawanna, McKean, Mercer, Monroe, Pike, Potter, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Tioga, Venango, Warren, Wayne and Wyoming.

In the fruit belt the percentages of a normal yield are: Adams, 72; Berks, 90; Cumberland 86; Franklin 90; Fulton 87; Lancaster 90; Perry 78; and York 90.

KEPT NATION AT PEACE

Wescott, Nominating Wilson, Calls Administration Best of Recent Times.

St. Louis, June 17.—Judge John W. Wescott, attorney general of the state of New Jersey, who nominated Wilson for president four years ago, again placed his name in nomination at the Democratic convention here. He said:

The nation is at work. The nation is at peace. The nation is accomplishing the destiny of Democracy. Four years ago the nation was not at work. With resources boundless, with a hundred million people eager to achieve and do, commerce languished, industries halted, men were idle. The country struggled in the toils of an inadequate financial system. Credit was at the mercy of piracy. The small business man was bound hand and foot. Panic hung like a storm cloud over the business world.

Now bursting granaries, teeming factories, crowded railways and overladen ships distribute wealth and comfort to uncounted millions the world over. Production outruns the means of distribution. The parallel of American prosperity is not found in industrial history; nor is it causeless. When the European cataclysm struck the world moratoria fell like a blight upon many of the neutral nations but not upon the United States.

There stands the astounding phenomenon of American prosperity. What is its explanation? The Euclid of financial theory worked to a demonstration measures for the country's relief. He promptly put into effect the legislative expression of a great program. He did not talk. He did things. He dynamited the monetary [illegible] and let credit flow to the remotest corners of the land. It's sunny dashing gold upon foreign shores. He released the natural resources and set the energies of all men free to exploit them. He destroyed economic slavery. He struck off its shackles. The prosperity of the nation is the product of statesmanship and financial genius. The schoolman says he is statesman, the statesman is financier, the financier is orator, patriot.

From the vantage ground of impregnable Americanism the ruthless conflict of a real peace has not only avoided the war, but is [illegible] the world into the ways of peace. What is peace but the assertion of moral progress? What is the assertion of moral progress but the indestructible [illegible] of Europe and America? From the smoldering ruins of a thousand [illegible] from the graves of millions of brave [illegible] of the battle are springing from the old securities of [illegible] civilization, the principles of [illegible] the civilizing influence of the cultures, [illegible] the corporate soul of [illegible] in the patient and humane [illegible] of the world's real parliament. [illegible] What avail all the wealth of our [illegible] if it had been consumed in the [illegible] What avail the [illegible] of human progress for ten thousand years if it had not the schoolmaster and [illegible] His achievements are so vast that ordinary men are blind to its reality. But the [illegible] millions, [illegible] recognize in it the unmistakable signs of a Christian civilization.

Therefore, we fellow countrymen, not I, but his deeds and achievements, not I, but the state [illegible] of America, not I, but the prayers of [illegible] not I, but civilization itself, [illegible] succeed himself to the presidency of the United States, to the presidency of a hundred million free people, but to the immortable union, the scholar, the statesman, the financier, the emancipator, the orator, the moral leader of the [illegible] Woodrow Wilson.

—Mrs. John W. Cable has sold her large farm and mansion house near Smithsburg, Md., to Samuel C. Nicodemus of near that place. The farm contains about 200 acres and is improved with a fifteen room residence all modernly equipped.

PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATS

(Continued from page 2).

necessary for conveying information to farmers by means of demonstrations. We favor continued liberal provisions, not only for the benefit of production, but also for the study and solution of problems of farm marketing and finance and for the extension of existing agencies for improving country life.

Good Roads.

The happiness [illegible] and prosperity of rural life and the development of the city are all advanced by [illegible] tion of public highways. [illegible] favor national aid in the construction of post roads and roads for military purposes.

Government Employment.

We hold that the life, health and strength of the men, women and children of the nation are its greatest assets and that in the conservation of these the federal government, wherever it acts as the employer of labor, should both on its own account and as an example put into effect the following principles of just employment:

First.—A living wage for all employees.

Second.—A working day not to exceed eight hours, with one day of rest in seven.

Third.—The adoption of safety appliances and the establishment of thoroughly sanitary conditions of labor.

Fourth.—Adequate compensation for industrial accidents.

Fifth.—The standards of the "uniform child labor law" wherever minors are employed.

Sixth.—Such provisions for decency, comfort and health in the employment of women as should be accorded the mothers of the race.

Seventh.—An equitable retirement law providing for the retirement of superannuated and disabled employees of the civil service to the end that a higher standard of efficiency may be maintained.

We believe also that the application of similar principles should be urged and applied in the legislation of states with regard to labor within their borders, and that by every possible agency life and health of the people of the nation should be conserved.

Labor.

We declare our faith in the Seaman's act, passed by the Democratic congress, [illegible] and we promise our earnest continuance of its enforcement.

We favor the speedy enactment of an effective federal child labor law and the regulation of the shipment of prison made goods in interstate commerce.

We favor the creation of a federal bureau of safety in the department of labor to gather facts concerning industrial hazards and recommend legislation to prevent the maiming and killing of human beings.

We favor the extension of the powers and functions of the federal bureau of mines.

We favor the development upon a systematic scale of the means, already begun under the present administration, to assist laborers throughout the nation to seek and obtain employment and the extension by the federal government of the same assistance and encouragement as is now given to agricultural training. We heartily commend our newly established department of labor for its excellent record in settling industrial strikes by personal advices and through conciliating agents.

Public Health.

We favor a thorough reconsideration of the means and methods by which the federal government handles questions of public health to the end that human life may be conserved by the elimination of loathsome diseases, the improvement of sanitation and the diffusion of a knowledge of disease prevention.

We favor the establishment by the federal government of tuberculosis sanitariums for needy tubercular patients.

We favor such an alteration of the rules of procedure of the Senate of the United States as will permit the prompt transaction of the nation's legislative business.

We demand careful economy in all expenditures for the support of the Government, and to that end favor a return by the House of Representatives to its former practice of initiating and preparing all appropriation bills through a single committee chosen from its membership, in order that responsibility may be centered, expenditures standardized and made uniform and waste and duplication in the public service as much as possible avoided. We favor this as a practicable first step toward a budget system.

We reaffirm our declaration for the rigid enforcement of the Civil Service laws.

We heartily indorse the provision of the bill, recently passed by the House of Representatives, further promoting self-government in the Philippine Islands as being in fulfillment of the policy declared by the Democratic party in its last national platform, and we reiterate our indorsement of the purpose of ultimate independence for the Philippine Islands, expressed in the preamble of that measure.

We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by States upon the same terms as to men.

We again declare the policy that the sacred rights of American citizenship must be preserved at home and abroad, and that no treaty with any other government shall receive the sanction of our Government which does not expressly recognize the absolute equality of all our citizens, irrespective of race, creed or previous nationality, and which does not recognize the right of expatriation. The American Government should protect American citizens in their rights not only at home but abroad, and any country having a government should be held to strict accountability for any wrongs done them, either to person or property.

At the earliest practical opportunity our country should strive earnestly for peace among the warring nations of Europe and seek to bring about the adoption of the fundamental principle of justice and humanity, that all men shall enjoy equality of right and freedom from discrimination in the lands wherein they dwell.

We demand that the modern principles of prison reform be applied in our Federal penal system. We favor such work for prisoners as shall give them training in remunerative occupations, so that they may make an honest living when released from prison; the setting apart of the net wages of the prisoner to be paid to his dependent family or to be reserved for his own use upon his release; the liberal extension of the principles of the Federal parole law, with due regard both to the welfare of the prisoner and the interests of society; the adoption of the probation system, especially in the case of first offenders not convicted of serious crime.

We renew the declarations of recent Democratic platforms relating to generous pensions for soldiers and their widows, and call attention to our record of performance in this particular.

We renew the declaration of our last two platforms relating to the development of our waterways. The recent devastation of the lower Mississippi Valley and several other sections by floods, accentuates the movement for the regulation of river flow by additional bank and levee protection below and diversion, storage and control of the flood waters above, and their utilization for beneficial purposes in the reclamation of arid and swamp lands, and development of water-power, instead of permitting the floods to continue as heretofore, agents of destruction. We hold that the control of the Mississippi River is a national problem. The preservation of the depth of its waters for purposes of navigation, the building of levees and works of bank protection to maintain the integrity of its channel and prevent the overflow of its valley resulting in the interruption of interstate commerce, the disorganization of the mail service and the enormous loss of life and property, impose an obligation which alone can be discharged by the national Government.

THOMAS RILEY MARSHALL.

We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our harbors and inland waterways with economy and efficiency, so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draft.

It has been and will be the policy of the Democratic party to enact all laws necessary for the speedy development of Alaska and its great natural resources.

We favor granting to the people of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico the traditional territorial government accorded to all territories of the United States since the beginning of our Government, and we believe the officials appointed to administer the government of those several territories should be qualified by previous bona fide residence.

We unreservedly indorse our President and Vice President, Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, and Thomas Riley Marshall, of Indiana, who have performed the functions of their great offices faithfully and impartially and with distinguished ability.

In particular we commend to the American people, the splendid diplomatic victories of our great President, who has preserved the vital interests of our Government and its citizens and kept us out of war.

Woodrow Wilson tsands today the greatest American of his generation.

This is a critical hour in the history of America, a critical hour in the history of the world. Upon the record above set forth, which shows great constructive achievement in following out a consistent policy for our domestic and internal development; upon the record of the Democratic Administration which has maintained the honor, the dignity and the interests of the United States and at the same time retained the respect and friendship of all the nations of the world, and upon the great policies for the future strengthening of the life of our country, the enlargement of our national vision and the ennobling of our international relations set forth above, we appeal with confidence to the voters of the country.

Vice President Marshall's Statement

"All I can say is to express my gratitude to my Indiana and other friends for their great loyalty and to the convention for the high compliment of a renomination with my chieftain. I believe in the certainty of his re-election. My only purpose is to serve his cause, which I believe to be that of our party and our country, whole heartedly."

The "pure food law" is designed by the Government to protect the public from injurious ingredients in both foods and drugs. It is beneficial both to the public and to the conscientious manufacturer. Ely's Cream Balm, a successful remedy for cold in the head, nasal catarrh, hay fever, etc., containing no injurious drugs, meets fully the requirements of the new law, and that fact is prominently stated on every package. It contains none of the injurious drugs which are required by the law to be mentioned on the label. Hence you can use it safely.

Advertisement.

GLYNN STRIKES KEYNOTE.

Democratic Temporary Chairman Calls Americanism, Peace, Preparedness, Prosperity, the Issues.

In his keynote speech before the Democratic national convention the temporary chairman, ex-Governor Martin H. Glynn of New York, acclaimed Woodrow Wilson as among the greatest patriots and presidents America has produced and warmly eulogized his course in keeping the country out of the European war. No president since the civil war, he said, has had as crucial problems to solve, and no president has displayed a grasp more sure, a statesmanship more profound. Declaring that Americanism and peace, preparedness and prosperity are the issues upon which the Democratic party stands, he predicted the re election of President Wilson.

By the records of history Mr. Glynn maintained that if Washington and Lincoln were right President Wilson was right. The neutrality that President Wilson stands for today was advocated by Washington, by Hamilton, by Jefferson and by Lincoln. By citing precedents in which, he said, the United States had cause for declaring war and still kept the peace Mr. Glynn justified and defended the course of the president in the Lusitania sinking and similar incidents. Mr. Glynn said:

In the face of this record do Republicans realize that when they arraign the policy of the president of the United States today they arraign the policy of Harrison, of Blaine, of Lincoln and of Grant? For the pleasure of criticising a Democratic president are they willing to read out of the Republican party the greatest men the Republican party ever had? Are they willing to say that the Republican party of today condemns what Hamilton did in Revolutionary days, what Lincoln did in civil war days and what Grant and Blaine and Harrison did but yesterday?

What President Wilson Said

"I am very grateful to my generous friends."

In his policy of peaceful negotiations today the president of the United States follows the example set him by the greatest presidents which the Democratic party and the greatest presidents the Republican party ever gave this nation.

Mr. Glynn asserted that it was the business of this convention "representing every section of the United States, speaking for every racial strain in America, to send forth a message to all the world that will leave no room for doubt." He continued:

We must enable every real American to stand up and assert his Americanism. We must make the issue so clear that every ballot box in the land may become a monument to the loyalty of American manhood. The citizens of this country must stand behind their president because his policies are right.

Mr. Glynn pointed out that the promise made four years ago that a Democratic administration would liberate the nation from the chains of industrial tyranny has been carried out. He eulogized the federal reserve act, the laws restraining big business from stifling competition, the trade commission act, the movement to foster expansion of American trade and the close union of economic, commercial and financial interests between the United States and the nations of South America. The Underwood tariff Mr. Glynn characterized as the fairest and the best we have enacted.

Mr. Bryan's Tribute

"I join the people in thanking God that we have a president who does not want the nation to fight. As a Democrat I want my party to have the honor of bringing the peace about, and I want the country to give Woodrow Wilson a chance to bring it about."

PLAIN QUESTIONS TO GETTYSBURG PEOPLE.

Every Gettysburg Reader Will Admit the Soundness of the Logic.

Would Gettysburg people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as they do if the medicine were not reliable? Would they confirm their statements after years have elapsed if their experiences did not show the remedy to be deserving of it? Statements like the following must carry conviction to the mind of every reader:

Mrs. W. N. Flaharty, 311 Washington St., Gettysburg, says: "I had weak kidneys for a long time. I had to get up often during the night, which made me tired out and gave me headaches. I also had backache and pains in my sides. Doan's Kidney Pills corrected all these troubles, strengthening my kidneys." (Statement given July 23, 1912).

On February 12, 1916, Mrs. Flaharty said: "I am a very strong endorser of Doan's Kidney Pills. They have given me fine benefit and I always keep them on hand in case of necessity."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Flaharty has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Advertisement.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATS

Treats of Preparedness, Mexico, Tariff and Other Points of Importance to Nation.

The platform adopted by the Democratic convention reads as follows:

The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, adopts the following declaration to the end that the people of the United States may both realize the achievements wrought by four years of Democratic administration and be apprised of the policies to which the party is committed for the further conduct of national affairs

Record of Achievement.

We indorse the administration of Woodrow Wilson. It speaks for itself. It is the best exposition of sound Democratic policy at home and abroad.

We challenge comparison of our record, our keeping of pledges and our constructive legislation with those of any party of any time.

We found our country hampered by special privilege, a vicious tariff, obsolete banking laws and an inelastic currency Our foreign affairs were dominated by commercial interests for their selfish ends. The Republican party, despite repeated pledges, was impotent to correct abuses which it had fostered. Under our administration, under a leadership which has never faltered, these abuses have been corrected, and our people have been freed therefrom.

Our archaic banking and currency system, prolific of panic and disaster under Republican administration—long the refuge of the money trust—has been supplanted by the federal reserve act, a true democracy of credit, under government control, already proved a financial bulwark in a world crisis, mobilizing our resources, placing abundant credit at the disposal of legitimate industry and making a currency panic impossible.

Federal Trade Commission.

We have created a federal trade commission to accommodate the perplexing questions arising under the anti-trust laws so that monopoly may be strangled at its birth and legitimate industry encouraged Fair competition in business is now assured.

We have effected an adjustment of the tariff, adequate for revenue under peace conditions and fair to the consumer and to the producer. We have adjusted the burdens of taxation so that swollen incomes bear their equitable shares. Our revenues have been sufficient in times of world stress and will largely exceed the expenditures for the current fiscal year.

We have lifted human labor from the category of commodities and have secured to the workingman the right of voluntary association for his protection and welfare. We have protected the rights of the laborer against the unwarranted issuance of writs of injunction and have guaranteed to him the right of trial by jury in cases of alleged contempt committed outside of the presence of the court.

We have advanced the parcel post to genuine efficiency, enlarged the postal savings system, added 10,000 rural delivery routes and extensions, thus reaching 2,500,000 additional people; improved the postal service in every branch and for the first time in our history placed the postoffice system on a self supporting basis, with actual surplus in 1913, 1914 and 1915.

Economic Freedom.

The reforms which were most obviously needed to clear away special privilege, prevent unfair discrimination and release the energies of men of all ranks and advantages have been effected by recent legislation. We must now remove, so far as possible, every remaining element of unrest and uncertainty from the path of the business men of America and secure for them a continued period of quiet, assured and confident prosperity.

Tariff.

We reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of a tariff for the purpose of providing sufficient revenue for the operation of the government economically administered and unreservedly indorse the Underwood tariff law as truly exemplifying that doctrine.

We recognize that tariff rates are necessarily subject to change to meet changing conditions in the world's production and trade. The events of the last two years have brought about many momentous changes. In some respects their effects are yet conjectural and wait to be disclosed, particularly in regard to our foreign trade. Two years of a war which has directly involved most of the chief industrial nations of the world and which has indirectly affected the life and industry of all nations are bringing about economic changes more varied and farreaching than the world has ever before experienced.

In order to ascertain just what those changes may be the Democratic congress is providing for a nonpartisan tariff commission to make impartial and thorough study of every economic fact that may throw light either upon our past or upon our future fiscal policy with regard to the imposition of taxes on imports or with regard to the changed and changing conditions under which our trade is carried on.

We cordially indorse this timely proposal and declare ourselves in sympathy with the principle and purpose of sharing legislation within that field in accordance with clearly established facts rather than in accordance with the demands of selfish interests or upon information provided largely, if not exclusively, by them.

Immediate provision should be made for the development of the carrying trade of the United States. Our foreign commerce has in the past been subject to many unnecessary and vexatious obstacles in the way of legislation of Republican Congresses. Until the recent Democratic tariff legislation it was hampered by unreasonable burdens of taxation. Until the recent banking legislation, it had at its disposal few of the necessary instrumentalities of international credit and exchange. Until the formulation of the pending act to promote the construction of a merchant marine, it lacked even the prospect of adequate carriage by sea. We heartily indorse the purposes and policy of the pending shipping bill and favor all such additional measures of constructive or remedial legislation as may be necessary to restore our flag to the seas and to provide further facilities for our foreign commerce, particularly such laws as may be made to remove unfair conditions of competition in the dealings of American merchants and producers with competitors in foreign markets.

Americanism.

The part the United States will play in the new day of international relationships which is now upon us will depend upon our preparation and our character. The Democratic party, therefore, recognizes the assertion and triumphant demonstration of the indivisibility and coherent strength of the nation as the supreme issue of this day, in which the whole world faces the crisis of manifold change It summons all men, of whatever origin or creed, who would count themselves Americans to join in making clear to all the world the unity and consequent power of America. This is an issue of patriotism. To taint it with partisanship would be to defile it. In this day of test America must show itself not a nation of partisans, but a nation of patriots There is gathered here in America the best of the blood, the industry and the genius of the whole world, the elements of a great race and a magnificent society to be melted into a mighty and splendid nation. Whoever, actuated by the purpose to promote the interest of a foreign power in disregard of our own country's welfare or to injure this government in its foreign relations or cripple or destroy its industries at home and whoever by arousing prejudices of a racial, religious or other nature creates discord and strife among our people, so as to obstruct the wholesome process of unification, is faithless to the trust which the privileges of citizenship repose in him and disloyal to his country.

We therefore condemn as subversive of this nation's unity and integrity and as destructive of its welfare the activities and designs of every group or organization, political or otherwise, that has for its object the advancement of the interest of a foreign power, whether such object is promoted by intimidating the government, a political party or representatives of the people or which is calculated and tends to divide our people into antagonistic groups and thus to destroy that complete agreement and solidarity of the people and that unity of sentiment and national purpose so essential to the perpetuity of the nation and its free institutions.

Condemn Alliances.

We condemn all alliances and combinations of individuals in this country, of whatever nationality or descent, who agree and conspire together for the purpose of embarrassing or weakening our government or of improperly influencing or coercing our public representatives in dealing or negotiating with any foreign power. We charge that such conspiracies among a limited number exist and have been instigated for the purpose of advancing the interests of foreign countries to the prejudice and detriment of our own country. We condemn any political party which, in view of the activity of such conspirators, surrenders its integrity or modifies its policy

Preparedness.

Along with the proof of our character as a nation must go the proof of our power to play the part that legitimately belongs to us. The people of the United States love peace. They respect the rights and covet the friendship of all other nations. They desire neither any additional territory nor any advantage which cannot be peacefully gained by their skill, their industry or their enterprise, but they insist upon having absolute freedom of national life and policy and feel that they owe it to themselves and to the role of spirited independence which it is their sole ambition to play that they should render themselves secure against the hazard of interference from any quarter and should be able to protect their rights upon the seas or in any part of the world.

We therefore favor the maintenance of an army fully adequate to the requirements of order, of safety and of the protection of the nation's rights, the fullest development of modern methods of seacoast defense, and the maintenance of an adequate reserve of citizens trained to arms and prepared to safeguard the people and territory of the United States against any danger of hostile action which may unexpectedly arise, and a fixed policy for the continuous development of a navy worthy to support the great naval traditions of the United States and fully equal to the international tasks which the United States hopes and expects to take a part in performing. The plans and enactments of the present congress afford substantial proof of our purpose in this exigent matter.

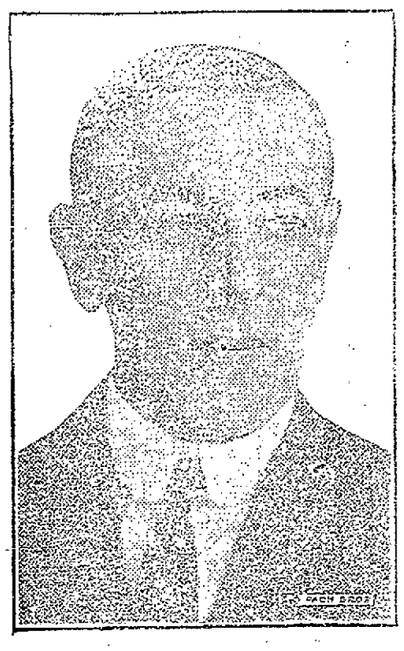
The Democratic Administration has throughout the present war scrupulously and successfully held to the old paths of neutrality and of the peaceful pursuit of the legitimate objects of our national life which statesmen of all parties and creeds have prescribed for themselves in America since the beginning of our history. But the circumstances of the last two years have revealed necessities of international action which no former generation can have forseen. We hold that it is the duty of the United States to use its power, not only to make itself safe at home, but also to make secure its just interests throughout the world, and, both for this end and in the interest of humanity, to assist the world in securing settled peace and justice.

We believe that every people has the right to choose the sovereignty under which it shall live; that the small States of the world have a right to enjoy from other nations the same respect for their sovereignty and for their territorial integrity that great and powerful nations expect and insist upon; and that the world has a right to be free from every disturbance of its peace that has its origin in aggression or disregard of the rights of people and nations: and we believe that the time has come when it is the duty of the United States to join with the other nations of the world in any feasible association that will effectively serve these principles, to maintain inviolate the complete security of the seas for the common and unhindered use of all nations.

The present Administration has consistently sought to act upon and realize in its conduct of the foreign affairs of the nation the principle that should be the object of any association of the nations formed to secure the peace of the world and the maintenance of national and individual rights. It has followed the highest American traditions. It has preferred respect for the fundamental rights of smaller States even to property interests, and has secured the friendship of the people of these States for the United States by refusing to make a more material interest an excuse for the assertion of our superior power against the dignity of their sovereign independence. It has regarded the lives of its citizens and the claims of humanity as of greater moment than material rights, and peace as the best basis for the just settlement of commercial claims. It has made the honor and ideals of the United States its standard alike in negotiation and action.

We recognize now, as we always recognized, a definite and common interest between the United States with the other peoples and republics of the Western Hemisphere in all matters of national independence and free political development. We favor the establishment and maintenance of the closest relations of amity and mutual helpfulness between the United States and the other republics of the American continents for the support of peace and the promotion of a common prosperity. To that end we favor all measures which may be necessary to facilitate intimate intercourse and promote commerce between the United States and her neighbors to the south of us, and such international understandings as may be practicable and suitable to accomplish these ends.

We commend the action of the Democratic Administration in holding the Pan-American financial conference at Washington in May, 1915, and organizing the international high commission which represented the



WOODROW WILSON.

United States in the recent meeting of representatives of the Latin-American republics at Buenos Aires, April, 1916, which have so greatly promoted the friendly relations between the people of the Western Hemisphere.

Mexican Policy.

The Monroe doctrine is reasserted as a principle of Democratic faith. That doctrine guarantees the independent republics of the two Americas against aggression from another continent. It implies as well the most scrupulous regard upon our part for the sovereignty of each of them. The want of a stable, responsible government in Mexico capable of repressing and punishing the marauders and bandit bands who have not only taken the lives and seized and destroyed the property of American citizens in that country, but have insolently invaded our soil, made war upon and murdered our people thereon, has rendered it necessary temporarily to occupy by our armed forces a portion of the territory of that friendly state where, until by the restoration of law and order therein a repetition of such incursions is improbable, the necessity for their remaining will continue. Intervention, implying as it does military subjugation, is revolting to the people of the United States, notwithstanding the provocation to that course has been great and should be resorted to, if at all, only as a last resort. The stubborn resistance of the president and his advisers to every demand and suggestion to enter upon it is creditable alike to them and to the people in whose name he speaks.

Conservation.

For the safeguarding and quickening of the life of our own people, we favor the conservation and development of the natural resources of the country by means of a policy which shall be positive rather than negative.

A policy which shall not withhold such resources from the development but which, while permitting and encouraging their use, shall prevent both waste and monopoly in their exploitation, we earnestly favor and the passage of acts which will accomplish these objects, and we reaffirm the declaration of the platform of 1912 on this subject.

The policy of reclaiming our arid lands should be steadily adhered to.

The Administration and the Farmer.

We favor the vigorous prosecution of investigations and plans to render agriculture more profitable and country life more healthful and comfortable and attractive, and we believe this should be a dominant aim of the nation as well as of the states. Much has been accomplished in this field under the present administration—far more than under any previous administration. In the federal reserve act of the last congress and rural credits act of the present congress the machinery has been created which will make credit available to the farmer constantly and readily, and he has at last been put on a footing of equality with the merchant and manufacturer in securing the capital necessary to carry on his enterprises.

Grades and standards necessary to the intelligent and successful conduct of the business of agriculture have also been established, or are in the course of being established by law. The long-needed Cotton Futures act, passed by the Sixty-third Congress, has now been in successful operation for nearly two years. A grain grades bill, long needed, and a permissive warehouse bill, intended to provide better storage facilities and to enable the farmer to obtain certificates, upon which he may secure advances of money, have been passed by the House of Representatives, have been favorably reported to the Senate, and will probably become law during the present session of Congress. Both houses have passed a good roads measure which will be of far-reaching benefit to all agricultural communities. Above all, the most extraordinary and significant progress has been made under the direction of the Department of Agriculture, in extending and perfecting practical farm demonstration work, which is so rapidly substituting scientific for impractical farming. But it is also necessary that rural activities should be better directed through co-operation and organization, that unfair methods of competition should be eliminated and the conditions requisite for the just, orderly and economical marketing of farm products created. We approve the Democratic Administration for having emphatically directed attention for the first time to the essential interests of agriculture involved in farm marketing and finance, for creating the office of markets and rural organization in connection with the Department of Agriculture, and for extending the co-operative machinery

(Continued on page 3).

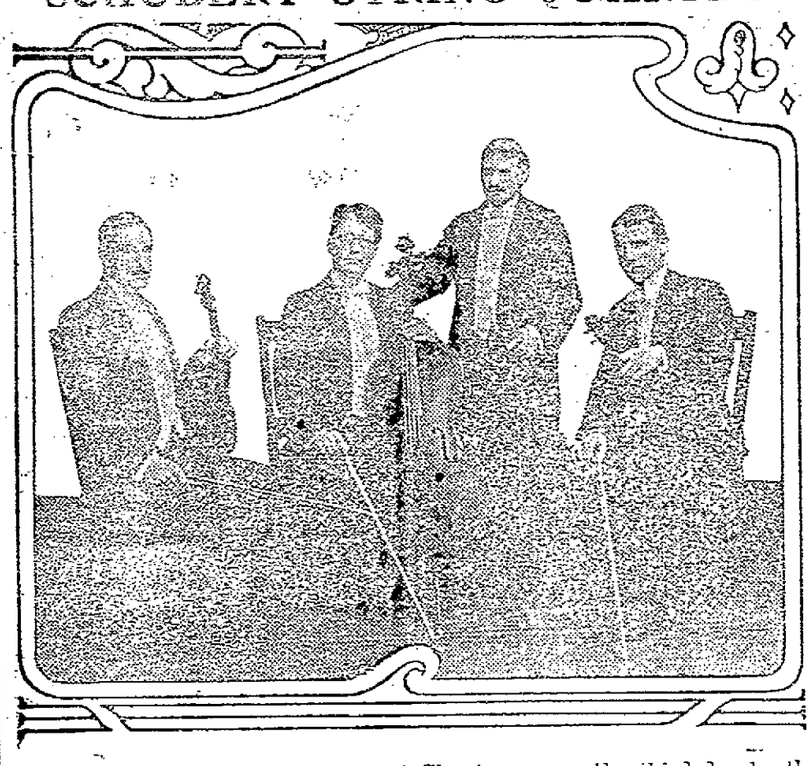
CHAUTAUQUA ATTRACTIONS

Gettysburg Pa., July 14---20.

THE BIJOU SINGERS.

The fifth day of Chautauqua this year is one of the most enjoyable. The Bijou Singers will give a delightful concert, both afternoon and evening. Henry Kelly, at the right above, is one of the finest baritones on the road. Anthony Guarino is also a big tenor, clear cut and melodious, with remarkable range. Miss Augusta Cooper is a brilliant coloratura soprano. Miss Elsie Luker, who accompanies them, is a good contralto as well as solo player and entertainer. It will be a day of wonderful variety.

SCHUBERT STRING QUARTET



The two concerts to be given at Chautauqua on the third day by the Schubert String Quartet will be a decided musical treat.

Frederick Blair, who heads the quartet, formerly a professor at Smith College, is well known in Boston and New England musical circles as a soloist and a composer. He plays the cello, Frank Currier first violin, Clarence Jordon second violin and Edward Kowinski viola.

For breadth of style, tenderness and charm in their rendition of the great masterpieces they are unexcelled.

When We Feared the Indians.

At a recent gathering of life insurance men one of the old timers exhibited a copy of a permit which had been attached to a policy issued in 1868. This permit read:

"The within assured has permission to reside in any settled part of the states of California, Nevada, Oregon or Washington territory and while so residing to make trips (as a passenger only) on first class steamers plying between the ports of Washington territory, the states of California and Oregon and the Sandwich Islands and to proceed to and return from in like manner or by public conveyance overland:

"Provided that written notice be given by the assured whenever any trip to the Sandwich Islands or to the Atlantic states is undertaken to the general agent of the company at San Francisco, Cal., and provided, also, that on the overland route the said assured to take his own risk by death from hostile Indians."—Wall Street Journal.

A Natural Born Spender.

When a long forgotten cousin died and left Miss Mitfield a round hundred thousand the entire village, after having recovered from the shock, fell to wondering whether the faded little spinster, after having for sixty-three years pinched and scraped and plain sewed just to keep soul and body together, would, after all, get much comfort from her sudden hour opulence.

The state of little Miss Mitfield's mind was revealed when her next door neighbor inquired what she should do with her money—did she mean to save it?

"Save it!" Her eyes flashed with new found scorn. "Listen to me, Betsy: all my life long I've wanted a pair of silk stockings with yellow glass beads onto 'em, and now I'm goin' to her 'em, yes, sirree, even if I should hev to pay as high as 50 cents!"—Youth's Companion.

Coffee With Milk.

For many years after coffee was first drunk in Europe, says the Manchester Guardian, no one thought of mixing it with milk any more than the Turks and Arabs do now. The use of coffee au lait seems to date from 1687. Mme. de Sevigne, writing to her daughter in that year, said that a doctor much in vogue "has taught us to mix sugar and milk with our coffee. They make a most delightful compound, which will help to support me through the rigors of Lent."

In a letter written seven years earlier she had mentioned as an eccentric proceeding on the part of Mme. de la Sabliere that "she drinks milk to her tea." Readers of "Unbeaten Tracks In Japan" may remember that one of the Ainus thought it disgusting that Mrs. Bishop should drink milk and pollute her tea with a fluid having so strong a smell and taste.

Professional Cards

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GETTYSBURG, PA.
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Chas. B. Stouffer, D.D.S
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GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Second Floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Balto. St.

John B. Keith
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Office First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

S. S. Neely
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
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Wm. McClean Late Pres. Judge. **Wm. Arch. McClean**
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Law offices in Compiler Building, Balto. street, a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

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Unequalled for severe service on rough and rugged roads, hard pavements and other places where tire troubles **cannot be tolerated.** Ride as easy as an ordinary pneumatic—air space and pressure being the same.

Used in U. S. Government and European War Service. Our output is limited, but we make the following low special **Introductory Prices:**

Tires	Tubes		Tires	Tubes
30x3	$8.60	$2.30	36x4	$17.45	$4.65
30x3½	10.85	3.10	35x4½	21.20	5.60
32x3½	12.75	3.20	36x4½	22.50	5.75
33x4	15.75	4.20	37x4½	23.60	6.20
34x4	16.70	4.35	37x5	26.30	6.60

Two or more 10 per cent. discount —non-skids 10 per cent. additional. All sizes—any type. Remit by draft, money order or certified personal check; acceptance of order optional with consignee.

Descriptive folder and complete price list mailed on request.

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EFFICIENT IN
PREVENTING, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA
COLDS, GRIPPE, WHOOPING COUGH, ETC.

From a Minister in New York. [illegible]

Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

EDGAR C. TAWNEY

Dealer in Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pretzels Everything is Fresh and of the Very Best.

WEST MIDDLE ST., GETTYSBURG

NOTICE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Insurance Department. In the matter of the liquidation of the York County Mutual Live Stock Insurance Co. (Dauphin County C. P.; No. 4; Comm. Docket. 1916).

Individuals, corporations and so forth having claims against or owing moneys to the above named corporation, which was dissolved in accordance with Act of Assembly of June 1, 1911 (Pamphlet Laws 599), are hereby notified to file claims with and make returns to Thomas B. Donaldson, 331 Walnut Street, Phila., Pa., Special Deputy Ins. Com'r, agent for the undersigned in the liquidation.

All outstanding policies were cancelled by operation of law as of Thursday, February 10, 1916.

CHARLES JOHNSON,
Insurance Commissioner.
Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 10, 1916.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Good Racing Matinee.

The matinee of the Gettysburg Driving Association at their track west of town last Saturday was a great success in the quality of the exhibits on the track. The track had been put in good condition. The crowd was smaller than the racing deserved. The premiums given were blankets, whips, coolers and other racing equipment. The result of the races was as follows:

FREE-FOR-ALL.

Little Willie, Roy Smith	2 1 1
Dick, Armstrong Eckert	1 2 3
R. E. Girl, Roy Zinn	3 3 2

Time: 1.13; 1.13; 2.27.

A mile heat was run on the third start, Little Willie making the first half in 1.12.

CLASS A.

Mary, John Epley	1 1
Bertha W., Harry Deatrick	3 2
Bertrant Hale, Dr. Seaks	2 3

Time: 1.20; 1,21.

A third heat was run to decide second place, Bertha W. winning in 1.27.

CLASS B.

Dit Hale, Fred McCammon	2 2
———, Clarence Snyder	1 1

Time: 1.24: 1.24.

Jane C, Harry Carbaugh	1 1
Mary Mc H. Fred McCammon	2 2
Wandering Jack, Phil Hoffman	3 3
Daisy, Carl Griffin,	4 4
———, Mr. Bender	5 5
Flying Jim, Mervin Reinecker	6 6

Time. 1.22; 1.23.

PONY RACE.

Pony of Ward Stallsmith	1
Pony of John Shultz	2
Pony of John Mellhenny	3
Pony of C. C. Bream. Jr.	4

RUNNING RACE.

Roger Hartzell	1
Carl Griffin	2

The next matinee is being arranged for Fourth of July. It is proposed to rebuild grandstand and make other improvements.

Will Pay Enlisting Employees.

L. H. Kinnard. Vice President and General Manager of the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania, has just telephoned from New York City, where he is attending a conference of telephone officials to determine the course which the companies of the Bell System shall pursue in the matter of wage payment to employees who have been called into military service, that a statement has been issued for those companies by U. N. Bethell, Senior Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, reading as follows:

"The companies constituting the Bell Telephone System have agreed upon the following: Employees of the Bell System who on the 18th of June 1916, were members of the National Guard or Naval Militia and who have been called into service by order issued in accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States, or who may be called into service by similar order will be allowed full pay at the annual rate in effect on that date in each case, during absence in such service, not to exceed three full months and the fraction of the month in which called into service, and thereafter for a period not exceeding nine additional months' full pay at such rate less the amount in each case paid by the Government. Such employees will also be considered for the Employees' Benefit Plan as being continually employed in the System while absence on such duty and upon return from such duty or after honorable discharge, will be given such employment as the needs of the service will permit and the employee is able and fitted to perform.

"Owing to the importance of our service to the Government and the public in the time of war, we must take care not to cripple it. Therefore the names of those who are willing to enlist hereafter will be noted and if subsequently desired by the Government, we will aid in supplying skilled men for the particular service for which men especially trained are required. Those who hereafter enlist will be treated in the same manner as employees who were members of the National Guard or Naval Militia on June 18, 1916.

"Further consideration in due time will be given to the matter of service beyond the period herein provided for. In case the State or Nation makes provision for dependents of the men in service, or the situation is otherwise changed, this arrangement may be modified as in the judgment of the companies the changed condition may warrant."

Automobile Accidents.

On Sunday the car driven by Lewis Kane of near Arendtsville, in passing another car near Caledonia, struck a telephone pole. In the car at the time were Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Kane, Mrs. G. C. Fox of Baltimore, Francis Kane of Arendtsville, and John D. Kane of Gettysburg. Mrs. Lewis Kane and Mrs. Fox were thrown to the road and were painfully cut and bruised. Lewis Kane escaped with cuts on head that were not serious. John Kane was shaken up and Francis Kane escaped by jumping. The car was a wreck and had to be brought to Gettysburg on a truck for repairs.

The car of Samuel Tressler was overturned at the junction of the Carlisle and Biglerville roads, a mile north of Gettysburg last week. The car was passing a team. In the car were Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tressler and son of Marietta, and Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Bristine and son. The party received cuts and bruises, Mr. Bristine being the most seriously hurt with a dislocated shoulder.

The auto of Charles J. Kimple and bicycle of Leo Culp, son of Mr. and Mrs Charles Culp, collided on Washington street. The auto was moving slow and the Culp boy was thrown from his wheel but car was stopped before striking him again. The left arm of the boy was broken at the wrist and left leg broken below the hip. Young Culp had just recovered from an attack of typhoid pneumonia.

A Ford car driven by Harry Walter in which were four persons, struck the bicycle ridden by Willie Menchey on Baltimore street one evening last week. The car and bicycle were going in the same direction and latter evidently was not seen. The auto went over the Menchey boy without hurting him severely but damaged the bicycle.

Cigarmakers' Union No. 316 Election.

The annual election of officers of Cigarmakers' Union No. 316, of McSherrystown, was held in the various union shops last week. There were 581 votes cast.

The main contest of interest was between F. X. Colgan and Maurice Smith for Financial Secretary-Treasurer. Mr. Colgan was re-elected by a vote of 478 to 101 cast for Mr. Smith.

Seb. H. Weaver fas re-elected over George F. Felix by a vote of 310 to 235, for Recording Secretary.

Charles J. Klunk having received 276 votes, defeated Philip Wagaman by 22 votes for membership on the Finance Committee. Mr. Wagaman was a candidate for re-election.

The re-election of Mr. Colgan is a reward for his many years of faithful service as Financial Secretary by the local union. He was elected to this office for the first time January 5, 1905, to succeed the late L. Grant Thomas. Since that time he was re-elected each year without opposition until the present election.

The result of the election was as follows:

Financial and Corresponding Secretary-Treasurer, F. X. Colgan.
Recording Secretary, Seb. H. Weaver.
Finance Committee, Chas. J. Klunk.
President, Chas. L. Lawrence.
Vice President, John I. Lawrence.
Trustee, Edw. Overbaugh.
Business Agent, Seb. H. Weaver.
Labor Secretary, Jas. Sterner.
Chairman of Election Board, Chas. L. Lawrence.
Label Committee, I. W. Krepps, Jos. F. Groft, T. C. Bunty.
Executive Board, Robert Niederer, John A. Smith, C. A. Jacoby, Edw. Bixler, Jas. L. Brady, Jos. F. Groft, E. W. Niederer.
Sergeant-at-Arms, Jas. Sterner.

Drink and Horse Talk, Then Trouble

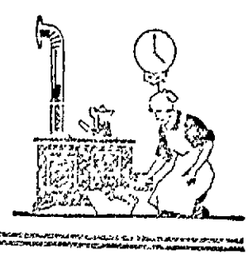
Drink, horse talk and a shot gun became the mixed elements of a fracas last Saturday that will cost the county a sum of money and without the drinks it would have never taken place. Henry Gastley, John Gastley, George Gastley and Earnest Hansford were in Gettysburg last Saturday night and about midnight started for Wolf Hill. Beyond the Bonneauville bridge there was something resembling a race between the horses of John and George Gastley. When the Gastley place was reached there was a fool argument heated with drink. Hansford preferring the horse owned by John Gastley alleges that George Gastley showed some displeasure and Hansford went to his place, the Weems Black place, and secured a shot gun. Though the drink distemper was between Hansford and George Gastley, yet when he heard Henry and John Gastley talking, he said he called to them not to cross the line between the properties. He fired two shots into the air and the third shot at the two men when twenty paces off. Henry Gastley caught one shot in the ear, a second in the neck and a third in the hand. John stopped eleven of the shot. George Gastley came to town and informed County Detective Wilson. Deputy Sheriff Hartman and District Attorney Topper. The three went to Wolf Hill and secured Hansford, placed him in jail. He was found at his place and made no resistance. None of the shot wounds appear to be serious or of a dangerous character.

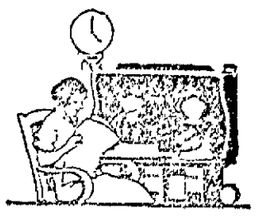
Lecture on John Burns.

Everybody in Gettysburg will be interested in the meeting that will be held in the Court House next Saturday evening. Mr. J. W. Johnston urgently requests all persons who have John L. Burns relics or who may know some fact or a story about Burns, to turn out to the illustrated lecture which he will deliver at the time. The gun presented to Mr. Burns by the City Council of Philadelphia, and the gold-headed ebony cane presented by the City Council of Pittsburgh, will be on exhibition. The affidavit establishing the genuineness of these relics will also be shown.

At considerable cost of time and money Mr. Johnston, from patriotic motives, delivers this lecture in Gettysburg. It will set forth the ripe results of over two years of investigation and study in preparation of a volume on the life of John Burns. Many new and interesting things in this patriot's life have been brought out by this investigation which everyone will want to hear.

LESS WORK- More Done- Greater Leisure





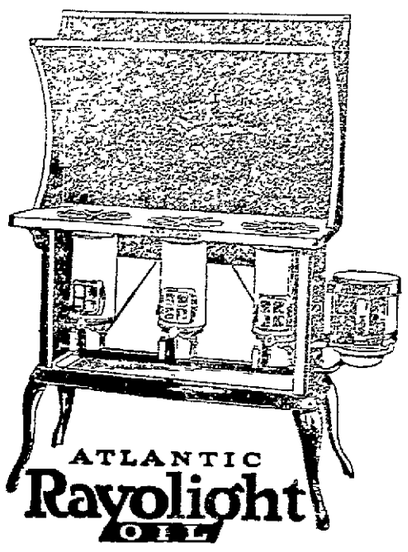
You get up three meals a day, bake a cake or something of the sort. That, with the rest of your housework, eats up your day, gives you no leisure and leaves you completely fagged.

Now, it isn't the actual cooking that takes up so much time or that's so exhausting. No, it's looking after the kitchen range. Starting the fire, watching that this doesn't burn or that doesn't cook too slowly. And all the time you're standing over a roaring fire—a veritable drudge.

But with a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove you do less work, get more done and you have greater leisure.

For a moment after you light a Perfection burner you are ready to cook; no tiresome waiting, no wasted heat, no ashes to sift, no coal to carry, no wood to split.

New PERFECTION Oil Stove



A Perfection is always ready to boil, fry, bake, roast—to do any kind of cooking without any preliminaries.

Have your dealer show you its fireless cooker, its separate oven and all its other refinements. And it burns kerosene, the cheapest of fuels—burns it slowly.

But don't be satisfied with just any kind of kerosene. For just as butter differs from oleo, Atlantic Rayolight Oil excels ordinary kerosene. So to get best results from a Perfection, use Atlantic Rayolight Oil, for it's the kerosene that gives the most heat to the gallon, that burns without sputter, smoke or smell. That is always the same. Buy it from the dealer who displays this sign.

Costs the same as the unknown, unreliable kerosene.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO.

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

G. W. Weaver & Son

Dry Goods Department Store

Our advertising features generally the lines of goods pertaining to Wearing Apparel or Household Furnishings of which we carry, as you know, a very large stock both in yard goods and made up ready for use.

In this connection we wish to call attention to the opportunities we have--at this season of the year particularly--of getting "closing out lots" in various lines **much under regular prices**--even in this day of continued higher prices---and this opportunity we pass over to our customers on the same basis of lower cost to them.

We want this Ad to especially call attention to our unusual stock of **Domestic Dry Goods and House and Bed Linens, Counterpanes, etc.**--of which we carry immense lines all during the year.

Our buying prestige permits us to often give much lower prices and better values than can be obtained elsewhere. We ask you to use this great store for any line of goods you may need--with the utmost confidence that **both the goods and the prices are absolutely right.**

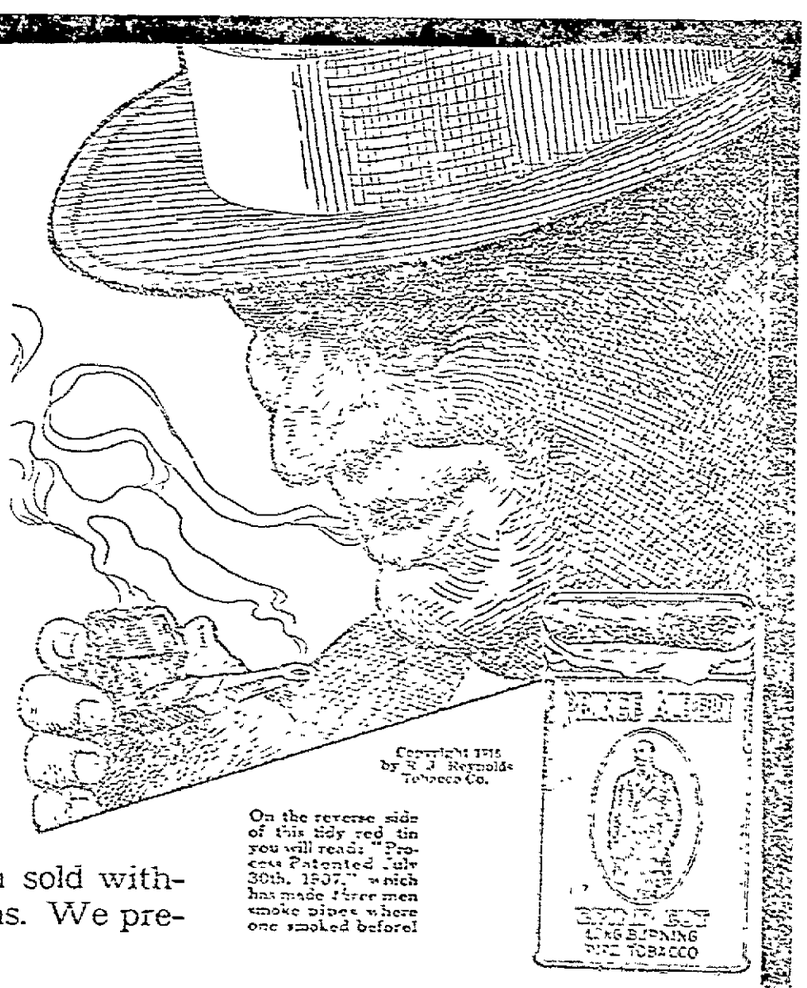
G. W. Weaver & Son

Gettysburg, Pa. Gettysburg, Pa.

Such tobacco enjoyment

as you never thought could be is *yours to command* quick as you buy some Prince Albert and fire-up a pipe!

Prince Albert gives you every tobacco satisfaction your smoke-appetite ever hankered for. That's because it's made by a patented process that *cuts out* bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality.



PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

has a flavor as different as it is delightful. *You never tasted the like of it!* And that isn't strange, either. *No other tobacco can be like Prince Albert!*

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in toppy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!

Men who *think* they can't smoke a pipe *can smoke* and *will smoke* if they use Prince Albert. And smokers who have not yet given P. A. a tryout certainly have a big surprise and a lot of enjoyment coming their way as soon as they invest in a supply. That tobacco will tell its own story!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

NOTICE

To Stockholders of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

By direction of the Board of Trustees a meeting of the Stockholders of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School will be held Wednesday, July 26, at 2 p. m., at the Normal School, Shippensburg, Pa.

The purpose of this meeting is to authorize the Board of Trustees to enter into negotiations with the State Board of Education of Pennsylvania for the transfer of all the property of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to authorize the Board of Trustees to sell and convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania all the property, real and personal of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School, and to transact such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

GEO. S. McLEAN,
Secretary.

You Can Make Money

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build your own business. You take no risk, make sure profit right along. Send name, address, one reference. L. BROWN, 66 Murray St., New York City.

Are You A Temperance Man?

you can sell insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn $100 to $200 per month as special or General Agent in your county. Experience not necesasry. The only Life Insurance Institution that does not insure the Drinker. PROMOTION and PERMANENT POSITION to acceptable men who make good.

John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 95 William St., New York. j 17 4t

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff.

For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.

50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa

WM. ARCH. MCCLEAN.....Editor

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1916

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WOODROW WILSON.

For United States Senator,
ELLIS L. ORVIS.

For State Treasurer,
JAMES M. CRAMER.

For Auditor General,
JAMES B. MURRIN.

For Congress.
A. R. BRODBECK.

For State Senator,
THOMAS J. BRERETON.

For Assemblyman,
D. O. RUDISILL.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE.

(Continued from page 1)

BULL MOOSE DEAD.

The Bull Moose is dead and has been officially buried. The obsequies at the interment were performed by its owner T. R. In the funeral oration the Big Stick claims with faint praise the Republican candidate, Hughes, and promulgates to a patient world that he is the only ego likely for 1920. In the oration the word "I" occurs 30 times, "my" 17 times, "me" 6 times. He admits that hyphenated Americans, traitors to this government are giving support to Mr. Hughes but chastily declares "Surely if I support a candidate it may be accepted as proof that I am certain that the candidate is incapable of being influenced by the evil intrigues of these hyphenated Americans." The idea of the only "I," "my" and "me," who betrayed his party, standing sponsor for Hughes, on account of traitors supporting Hughes is funny enough to make a sick elephant laugh

Armory Dedication.

The new armory building of the New Oxford Sons of Veterans will be dedicated on July 4 and Hon Albert Johnson of the State of Washington has been secured to make the address. A big parade will precede the exercises at the hall. The parade is scheduled for five o'clock and many of the patriotic orders of the county have expressed their intention of being present and participating in the parade and exercises. Celebrations will not be held elsewhere in county so as not to conflict with the New Oxford event. After the parade the dedication exercises will be held in the hall and later a festival in the Square. Congressman Beals will be master of ceremonies. He secured the speaker, Congressman Johnson a well known publisher of Washington and a member of the Military Order of Loyal Legion.

Blacksmith Shop on Fire.

Fire destroyed part of the blacksmith shop of Bernard S. Jenkins, in Oxford township last Thursday evening, entailing a loss of $150 to the building. The fire, which is supposed to have started from spontaneous combustion, spread rapidly. Harry Smith and sons, of the Chapel Farm, hurried to the scene and formed a bucket brigade with the neighbors, pumping a well dry and finally gained control of the blaze. The top of the shop was destroyed. The prompt action of the brigade prevented the flames from spreading to the house, stable and hog pen which were close by the burning shop. The property, which is tenanted by James Livelsperger, is covered by insurance with the Mummasburg Mutual Fire Protection Society.

Matron's Contest.

A matron's W. C. T. U. silver medal contest took place in Mt. Joy Church last Sunday evening. There were six speakers as follows: Mrs. Munshour, Mrs. Charles Pieffer, Miss Emma Howard, Mrs T. J. Winebrenner, Mrs. J. C. Knox and Mrs. Luther Creager. The prize was awarded to Mrs. Creager.

The program was in charge of the pastor, Rev. E. Stockslager. There were several orchestra selections and numbers by a Gettysburg quartet composed of A. Z. Rogers, Geo. P. Black, Milton R. Pennel and W. A. Tauchbaugh. Helen Reaser and Elmer Baker gave a song-dialogue

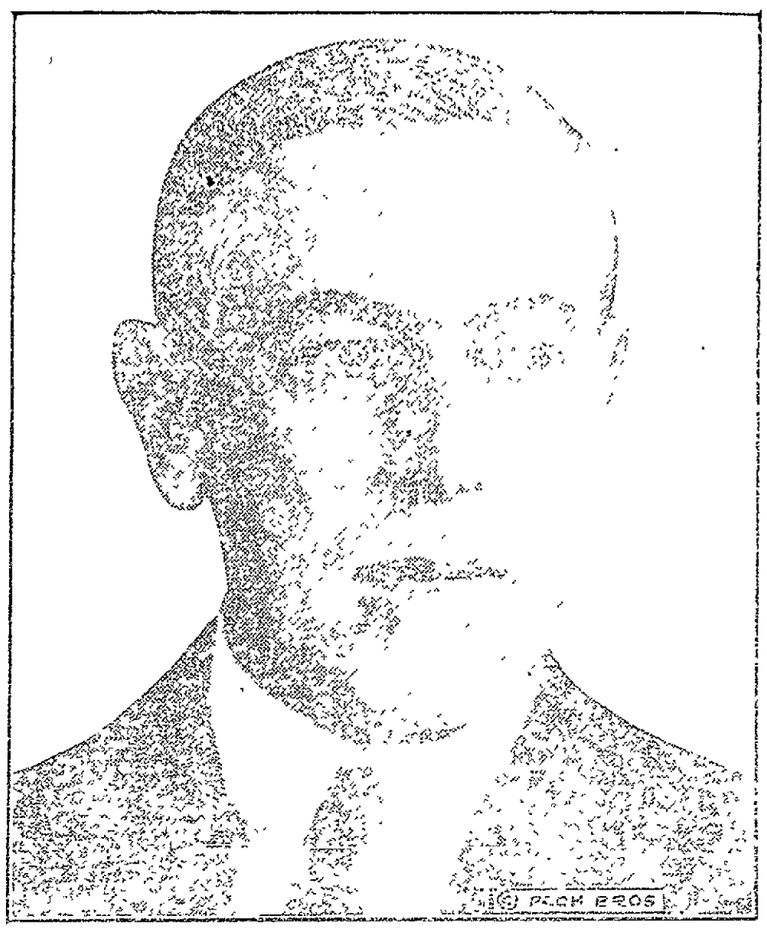
Real Amateur Ball.

It was the real amateur thing when the Court House Braves defeated the Hotel Men at baseball last Monday evening by score of 15 to 8.

But that goose egg the Post Office Has Beens received from the Printers on Tuesday evening when score was 8 to 0 is likely to make trouble, for according to rumors the Has Beens are taking runs trying to patch it up so as for future purposes.

Thin Blood

That which is lacking in vitality, debilitated, weak and thin, cannot possibly give proper nourishment and strength—it must be purified, built up and vitalized by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.



WOODROW WILSON.

In a recent issue of America's great humorous periodical "Puck," appeared a number of clever descriptive paragraphs as to the Democratic candidate "Puck" is an admirer of President Wilson. Among other things said were the following:

Mr. Wilson has never had to announce himself as an American in order to pass for one.

He is the author of that popular phrase, 'America First," of which the Colonel has since become the author.

Since he became President it has become harder and harder for a Republican to be true to his party and his country at the same time.

He has never found it necessary to call anybody a "liar" in order to let him know he differs with him.

He can praise America without insulting every other country on earth.

He has been criticized for keeping Josephus Daniels in the Cabinet, but after recalling "Charlie" Bonaparte, Geo. von Lengeske Meyer, Truman H. Newberry and "Vic" Metcalfe, as Secretaries of the Navy there is no good reason why anybody should continue to feel badly about it.

Although he never won a Nobel peace prize or a life saving medal, he is a peaceable man—if left alone—and he has rescued the language of political discussion from the environment of the street corner and the sagebrush and restored it to literature.

If the average citizen should describe the kind of a man he thinks would make an ideal president he would probably have the composite embodiment of George Washington, Abraham Lincoln and Woodrow Wilson.

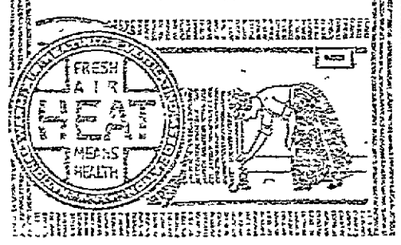
KELSEY HEALTH HEAT

NO bending over to turn valves, in turning the Kelsey Heat on or on. A slight push of your foot will do it.

The Kelsey saves effort. It saves coal.

Send for booklet, "Some Saving Sense on Heating." It tells the truth about the Heating question and explains fully and plainly just why the Kelsey Health Heat is a health heat; and how it saves your money by saving your coal.

T. J. WINEBRENNER
Stove and Paint Store
257 Baltimore Street
Gettysburg Pa.



CHAUTAUQUA ATTRACTIONS

Friday, July 14.

The Boston Choir Boys—Two concerts, afternoon and evening.

Dr. Lincoln Wirt will lecture on "The Conquest of the Arctic."

Saturday, July 15.

Victor's Band—Two concerts, afternoon and evening.

Rosani, Prince of Jugglers.

Sunday, July 16.

Special program.

Monday, July 17.

Schubert String Quartet, two concerts.

Dr. Thomas Green will lecture on "The Burden of the Nations."

Tuesday, July 18.

The Strollers Quartet—two concerts.

College Players in Morality Play, "Happiness."

Wednesday, July 19.

Bijou Trio—two concerts.

Dr. S. Parkes Cadman will lecture on "Makers of America."

Thursday, July 20.

Junior Play, Mikado, the biggest Chautauqua feature yet attempted in evening, and same entertainers give an afternoon concert.

Hunt Cook will be the superintendent and lecture on "Literary Hearth Stones," especially of Lanier, Kipling, Emerson and others.

Junior Chautauqua begins immediately after the first afternoon's program.

$1.25
ROUND TRIP
Every Sunday
Excursions to
BALTIMORE

On Regular trains in both directions

Leaves Gettysburg 5:50 A. M.
Returning Leaves Baltimore - - - 9:00 P. M.

Correspondingly low round trip fares to intermediate stations
CONSULT TICKET AGENT
WESTERN MARYLAND RY.

70 CENTS Round Trip
PEN-MAR PARK
Big Celebration.
Extra Attractions.
Music all Day.
Fire Works.
Tuesday, July 4
The Nation's Birthday
Special train leaves Gettysburg 8.51 A. M.
Western Maryland Ry.
Sunday Excursion to Pen-Mar July 9

CORRECT ENGLISH
HOW TO USE IT
Josephine Turck Baker, Editor.
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE
For Progressive Men and Women, Business and Professional; Club-Women, Teachers, Students, Ministers, Doctors, Lawyers, Stenographers, and for all who wish to Speak and Write Correct English.
Special Feature Every Month.
YOUR EVERY-DAY VOCABULARY
How to Enlarge it.
Sample Copy 10c. Subscription Price $2.00 per year.
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with will annexed, on the estate of Adam C. Miller, late of the Township of Reading, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

WM. C. WEAVER,
Administrator,
Hampton,
Adams Co., Pa.

Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

BOY WANTED.—Apply at Compiler Office.

GETTYSBURG CHAUTAUQUA

JULY 14 to 20th

SEASON TICKET $2

Admission to each event would total $5.10. You Save $3.10 by buying season ticket.

Program declared best in variety: Best balanced: Best in Quality.

Hunt Cook will be Superintendent and lecture on Literary Hearthstones—Lanier, Kipling, Emerson and others.

Lecturers of Week

Dr. Lincoln Wert on Conquest of the Arctic, Dr. Thomas E. Green on The Burden of the Nation, Dr. S. Parkes Cadman on Maker's of America.

Other Attractions

Happiness, a Play by College Players, The Choir Boys, Rosani, the Juggler, Victor's Band, Schubert String Quartet, The Strollers Quintet, Bijou Trio, Mikado, The Comic Opera of Gilbert and Sullivan.

SEVEN JOYOUS DAYS

Federal Inquiry or Railroad Strike?

Faced by demands from the conductors, engineers, firemen and brakemen that would impose on the country an additional burden in transportation costs of $100,000,000 a year, the railroads propose that this wage problem be settled by reference to an impartial Federal tribunal.

With these employes, whose efficient service is acknowledged, the railroads have no differences that could not be considered fairly and decided justly by such a public body.

Railroads Urge Public Inquiry and Arbitration

The formal proposal of the railroads to the employes for the settlement of the controversy is as follows:

"Our conferences have demonstrated that we cannot harmonize our differences of opinion and that eventually the matters in controversy must be passed upon by other and disinterested agencies. Therefore, we propose that your proposals and the proposition of the railways be disposed of by one or the other of the following methods

1. Preferably by submission to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the only tribunal which, by reason of its accumulated information bearing on railway conditions and its control of the revenue of the railways, is in a position to consider and protect the rights and equities of all the interests affected, and to provide additional revenue necessary to meet the added cost of operation in case your proposals are found by the Commission to be just and reasonable; or, in the event the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot, under existing laws, act in the premises, that we jointly request Congress to take such action as may be necessary to enable the Commission to consider and promptly dispose of the questions involved; or

2. By arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Federal law" (The Newlands Act).

Leaders Refuse Offer and Take Strike Vote

Leaders of the train service brotherhoods, at the joint conference held in New York, June 1-15, refused the offer of the railroads to submit the issue to arbitration or Federal review, and the employes are now voting on the question whether authority shall be given these leaders to declare a nation-wide strike.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is proposed by the railroads as the public body to which this issue ought to be referred for these reasons:

No other body with such an intimate knowledge of railroad conditions has such an unquestioned position in the public confidence.

The rates the railroads may charge the public for transportation are now largely fixed by this Government board.

Out of every dollar received by the railroads from the public nearly one-half is paid directly to the employes as wages, and the money to pay increased wages can come from no other source than the rates paid by the public

The Interstate Commerce Commission, with its control over rates, is in a position to make a complete investigation and render such decision as would protect the interests of the railroad employes, the owners of the railroads, and the public

A Question For the Public to Decide

The railroads feel that they have no right to grant a wage preferment of $100,000,000 a year to these employes, now highly paid and constituting only one-fifth of all the employes, without a clear mandate from a public tribunal that shall determine the merits of the case after a review of all the facts

The single issue before the country is whether this controversy is to be settled by an impartial Government inquiry or by industrial warfare

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, *Chairman*

P. R. ALBRIGHT, *Gen'l Manager*, Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Manager*, Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, *Gen'l Manager*, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad
B. H. COAPMAN, *Vice-President*, Southern Railway.
S. B. COTTER, *Gen'l Manager*, Wabash Railway.
P. E. CROWLEY, *Asst. Vice-President*, New York Central Railway
G. H. EMERSON, *Gen'l Manager*, Great Northern Railway
C. H. EWING, *Gen'l Manager*, Philadelphia & Reading Railway
B. W. GRICE, *Gen'l Supt. Transp.*, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway
A. S. GREIG, *Asst. to Receivers*, St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad
C. W. KOUNS, *Gen'l Manager*, Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Railway.
R. W. McMASTER, *Gen'l Manager*, Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad.
N. D. MAYER, *Vice President*, Norfolk & Western Railway
JAMES MORSELL, *Gen'l Manager*, Denver & Rio Grande Railroad
A. M. SCHOYER, *Assistant Vice-Pres.*, Pennsylvania Lines West.
W. L. SEDDON, *Vice-Pres.*, Seaboard Air Line Railway
A. J. STONE, *Vice President*, Erie Railroad
G. S. WAID, *Vice Pres. & Gen'l Mgr.*, Subway Central Lines

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Louisa Wolf, late of Abbottstown Borough, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHAS. S. WOLF,
Executor,
Or his attorney. East Berlin, Pa.
Wm. Arch. McClean.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Ross White, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JOHN REED SCOTT,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. H. Berry, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHESTER O. CHRONISTER,
Executor,
Hampton,
Adams Co., Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of F. W. Morrison, late of the Township of Straban, Adams County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

G. W. MORRISON,
Administrator,
Hunterstown.
Or his attorneys,
BUTT & BUTT,
Gettysburg, Pa.

EXEUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Bream, late of the Township of Huntington, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

H. J. BREAM,
JOS. A. BREAM,
Executors,
Idaville, Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

CAN YOU TALK TEMPERANCE?

If so you can sell Insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn $100 to $200 per month as special or General Agent in your county. Experience not necessary. The only Life Insurance Institution that does not insure the Drinker. PROMOTION and PERMANENT POSITION to acceptable men that make good.
John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 95 William St., New York.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERC,
Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

The contract for furnishing the Borough of New Oxford with electric light has been awarded the Hanover Light, Heat and Power Company. The franchise granted the company is for 30 years, and provides for the erection and maintenance of an electric lighting system in that borough December 1st. The contract is for five years and four 250-watt lights and 30 fifty-watt lights are to be furnished at the rate of $18.50 per light a year.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement.

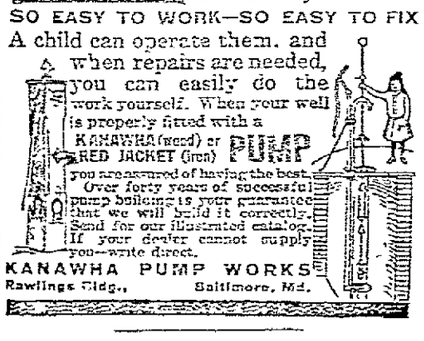
It is likely that the Buttonwood Fruit Company will erect a large apple barrel factory on one of its farms in Huntington township this fall which will give employment to a number of hands during the winter months.

"URIC ACID NEVER CAUSED RHEUMATISM"

I WANT to prove it to your satisfaction. If you have Rheumatism or Neuritis, acute or chronic—no matter what your condition—write to-day for my FREE BOOK on "RHEUMATISM—Its Cause and Cure." Thousands call it "The most wonderful book ever written." Don't send a stamp—it's ABSOLUTELY FREE.
JESSE A. CASE
Dept. 241 Brockton, Mass.

J. Milton Wheler of New Oxford has been successfully operated upon for the removal of a sebaceous tumor from the base of the lower jaw on the right side.

YOU should have a Kanawha or a Red Jacket Pump because they are
SO EASY TO WORK—SO EASY TO FIX
A child can operate them, and when repairs are needed, you can easily do the work yourself. When your well is properly fitted with a KANAWHA (wood) or RED JACKET (iron) PUMP you are assured of having the best. Over forty years of successful pump building is your guarantee that we will build it correctly. Send for our illustrated catalog. If your dealer cannot supply you—write direct.



KANAWHA PUMP WORKS
Rawlings Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

The Pennsylvania automobile licenses for next year, 1917, will be chocolate brown with white letters. Brown has been selected on account of the scarcity of dyes for the other colors.

Artificial Ears.

Artificial ears are so skillfully made that they may with difficulty be distinguished from natural ones, so it is claimed.

When the person who has lost an ear applies to the manufacturer for a substitute there is made a mold of the remaining ear. If there be left any part of the other a mold of that part also must be taken to assist in the fitting of the artificial. Manufacturers assert that no two ears are alike and that it takes a skillful workman to prepare an ear from the mold or molds.

When finished the new ear is pasted on the stump or simply set in the position of the lost ear. It is really only the first artificial ear that is expensive, the chief cost pertaining to the making of the mold. Vulcanized rubber, which can be bent and twisted, has been found to constitute the best material for the making of artificial ears.—Detroit Free Press.

A Question of Size.

If old Garge Jones was the most inquisitive man in the village, Tom Morton was certainly the surliest.

One afternoon, as Garge perambulated slowly along the one narrow street, he paused at Tom's garden fence and gazed inquiringly over at Tom, who was busily nailing a very large box together.

"Afternoon, Tom!" said the old chap genially. "Whatever be 'ee puttin' that great box together for?"

Tom paused in his hammering long enough to retort curtly:

"To hold all your questions, if so be as it's big enough!"

Garge eyed him in pained silence for a few moments. Then he took an empty matchbox from his pocket and threw it over to Sandy.

"Then that'll do for yer civil answers if so be as it's small enough!" he retorted quietly.—London Express.

To The Farmers and Poultry Breeders

We are prepared to granulate corn and wheat into pure Baby Chick Feed, any size desired. We will keep on hand all grades of Poultry Feed at 2 cents per pound; Corn Meal 1 cent per pound. By using our pure Corn feed there will be 25 per cent. less fatality among the chicks. We handle White Diarrhoea, Gap, Roup, Cholera, Limberback, and Lice Remedies.

S. S. W. Hammers

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary E. Jacobs, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

DANIEL C. JACOBS,
Executor,
Gettysburg R. R., Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

She Was an Expert.

"Julia, do you know what love is?"

The love sick young man put the question in an intense voice.

"Yes," replied the fair maid firmly.

"But do you really know?" he asked again. "Have you ever been the object of a love as undying as the sun, as all pervading as the air, as wonderful and sparkling as the stars? Have you ever loved and been loved like that, Julia?"

In an agony of suspense he waited for her reply.

"Have I?" she presently murmured, staring thoughtfully into the glowing fire. "If you will come up into our box room I can show you a trunk full of letters and three albums full of photographs, and in my jewel case a seven engagement rings!"—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Deadly Industry.

One of the most deadly callings and one of which very little is known is that of the workers in champagne cellars. The work, which is light and without any obvious elements of risk to health, consists in turning over the bottles of champagne so that the wine may be clear and transparent and absolutely free from sediment. The men who do this work spend eight or ten hours a day in the dark wine cellars turning over bottles by the thousand. This monotonous duty they discharge day after day in semidarkness, in a high temperature, unhealthy atmosphere and absolute solitude. These combined conditions affect the nerves and health of the workers so seriously that few of them can continue at their posts until middle age.—London Mirror.

Method In Their Madness.

After having her blood curdled badly by a thrilling story Mrs. Kurious was angry to find that it ended in an advertisement for somebody's tooth powder.

With a pout she threw the paper containing the deception across the room.

"What's the matter, dearie?" asked her hubby.

Mrs. Kurious told him her trouble and wound up with the remark:

"Now, Jeremiah, I know why the Chinese people begin reading at the end instead of the beginning. Their intelligence is greater than ours."—London Mail.

Explaining a Charge.

Client—You have an item in your bill, "Advice, March 8, $5." That was the day before I retained you. Lawyer—I know it. But don't you remember on the 8th I told you you'd better let me take the case for you? Client—Yes. Lawyer—Well, that's the advice.—Boston Transcript.

Bit of Advice.

"One of your eyebrows is a trifle awry."

"Ah, a bit of misplaced color."

"Just so. Hue to the line, my dear."—Exchange.

The more virtuous any man is the less easily does he suspect others to be vicious.—Cicero.

Snails Very Nutritious.

"All snails are edible and nutritious," says Canon Hersley in a book on British land and fresh water molluscs. He goes on to say that even the common or garden snail, though insipid, is as nourishing as calf's foot jelly.

There is a large white shelled snail called Helix pomatia that is commonly eaten by connoisseurs in the south of England, while all over France, Italy and Spain several species are used as food. In France are many small farms which yield a good profit to their owners. In the French and Italian quarters of New York snails may be bought either alive or cooked, and at most of the French restaurants they are served, "escargots farcis" being the most usual form of dish.

Snails are easy to raise in large quantities. They need lime for making their shells, but they do not have to be fed, as they can find their own food, which is exclusively the leaves of many plants. They are most delicious when properly prepared and cooked, and, as Canon Hersley says, as nourishing as calf's foot jelly.

The Shadow of Happiness.

How shall I find a name for that subtle feeling which seized hold upon me this morning, in the twilight of waking? It was a reminiscence, charming indeed, but nameless, vague and featureless, like the figure of a woman seen for an instant by a sick man in the uncertainty of delirium and across the shadows of his darkened room. I had a distinct sense of a form which I had seen somewhere and which had moved and charmed me once and then had fallen back with time into the catacombs of oblivion. But all the rest was confused—place, occasion and the figure itself, for I saw neither the face nor the expression. The whole was like a fluttering veil, under which the enigma—the secret of happiness—might have been hidden. And I was awake enough to be sure it was not a dream.—Henri Frederic Amiel.

Defoe and Savings Banks.

Though Duncan of Duthwell was the founder of our first savings bank, the first suggestion came from Daniel Defoe. When he found himself compelled to hide from the bailiffs in a small Bristol inn he turned his enforced leisure and financial failure to account by writing the "Essay on Projects." It deals with savings banks, friendly societies, insurance, academies and bankrupts. On all these subjects Defoe offers from his fertile brain suggestions that startle the reader by their modernring. On bankrupts and savings banks Defoe naturally wrote with feeling. During his stay in Bristol he was known as "the Sunday gentleman" owing to his natural unwillingness to take the air except on that day of the week which deprived bailiffs of their sting.—London Chronicle.

Recipe For Troubles.

Would you like a recipe for the little vexations and annoyances of life that keep the mind uneasy and disturbed? Let us give you one. Go out in the silence of some starry night and look up at the stars for a minute or two. Get within their influence for a moment. Take in the spirit of their tranquillity and peace. Think what they are and where they are, and you will soon lose yourself in the infinity of their being. You will begin to feel God has made this world big enough for you and that the little cares that vex you are only intruders that you should despise and scorn. Just try it, and if it does not cure you you are not the man you think you are.—Ohio State Journal.

The Man Cure.

Robert W. Chambers, the novelist, said in an after dinner address in Brooklyn:

"A modern girl, one of those pretty, vote chasing, athletic modern girls who ride a stride, swim in men's swimming suits, smoke cigarettes and read Wells and Shaw—a modern girl of this type repined one day at a tea because she could not be an aviator in the army.

"'Oh,' she sighed, blowing a cloud of cigarette smoke from her pretty lips—'oh, if heaven had only made me a man!'

"'Heaven did, my dear,' said a placid matron, 'and you'll find him some day, and then all this new thought nonsense of yours will cease forever.'"

The First War.

The first writing known to scholars was the account of a war waged between hostile nations in Mesopotamia, perhaps 3500 B. C. The first battle was that between Cain and Abel. Apparently men have always been quick to settle their differences by fighting. The first warlike king is said to have been Osymandyas of Egypt, who passed into Asia and conquered Bactria in 2100 B. C. Palamedes Bacgos is mythically reported to have been the first who ranged an army in a regular line of battle, placed sentinels round a camp and excited the soldier's vigilance by giving him a password. This occurred during the siege of Troy, the date of which is variously estimated at about 2500 years before the Christian era.—Pittsburgh Press.

Kissing In Iceland.

Among old time laws against kissing those of Iceland appear to have been the most severe. Banishment was the penalty laid down for kissing another man's wife, either with or without her consent. The same punishment was enforced for kissing an unmarried woman against her will. If it could be proved that she had consented to be kissed the offender was still liable to a fine of a great quantity of cloth for each offense.

Right In His Line.

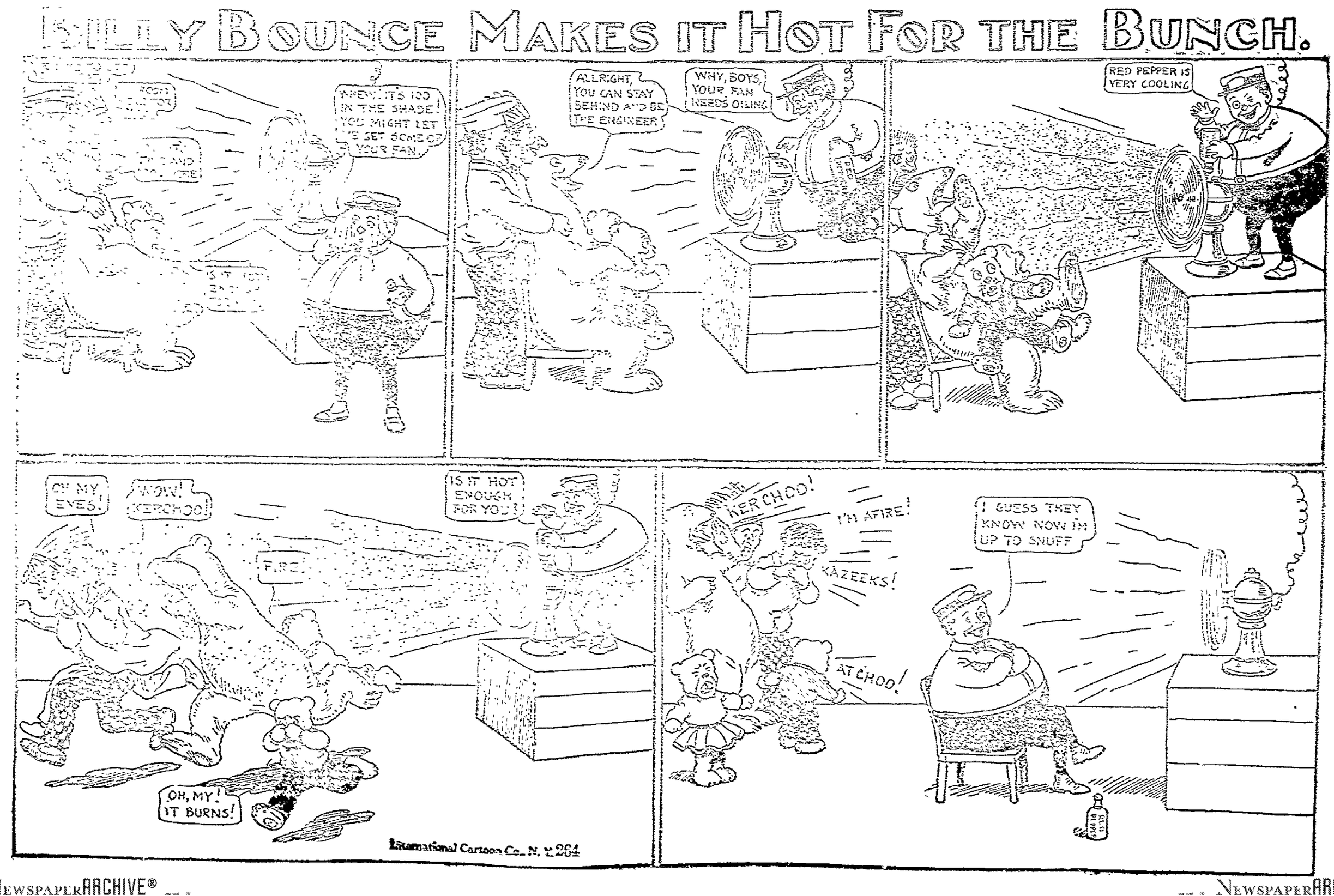
"Need any more talent for your moving picture dramas?"

"We might be able to use you. Have you had any experience at acting without audiences?"

"Acting without audiences is what brought me here."

Neglected.

Smitty (taking his watch from under his pillow)—Quarter to 8 and no one has come to wake me yet. I shall certainly be late for class if they don't come soon.—Lehigh Burr.



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Europe's Battle Front Lessons

XI.—We Must Mobilize Our Resources For Successful Defense

Everything Should Be Ready For Use—Auto Trucks and Ambulances and Millions of Rifles Must Always Be on Hand.

Frederick Palmer Suggests a Pan-American Railroad to Back Monroe Doctrine. Boy Scouts and Other Organizations Useful.

By FREDERICK PALMER, who has been only official representative of entire American press with the allies.

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WE began this series and we close it with an article on the naval lessons of the European war for us. Our first thought in preparedness and our last should be the navy. An efficient army at best can only stop an invader after he is ashore. An adequate navy will never allow him to land.

Without naval protection no fence of ours or of any enemy can move over the seas. With no naval gun to escort them transports are eggshells to the torpedo and the easy booty of the guns of a fast light cruiser.

Every square yard of our soil and every lock of the Panama canal is safe while our fleet holds the seas that guard our coast. But a beaten navy means that the drawbridges of the Atlantic and Pacific are down and the road is clear for an enemy to work his sweet will with the Monroe doctrine.

This is the overwhelmingly important lesson. I wish that I could bring it home to the United States as it was brought home to me when I saw the British grand fleet steam out into the North sea, offering the gage of battle to the Germans. It was a spectacle as convincing as addition and subtraction.

The only purpose of a navy is to keep command of the sea. This command means freedom for the commerce under its flag. Commerce moves on the surface of the sea. We don't take a submarine when we go to Europe or send our wheat to Europe on a submarine. When gunfire has swept the seas clear of any enemy's ships that ply on the surface there is nothing left for an enemy but underwater cruising. All he may show above the surface is a periscope, and that not for long, for speedy destroyers watch for him.

Rule the Sea on Its Surface.

The British have twice as many submarines as the Germans, and German officers, who are not given to misjudging their enemy, do not regard them as inefficient. Yet we hear little of the exploits of British submarines.

The work of the British navy is done on the surface of the sea because it commands the sea. If we command the sea in time of war our submarines will be in the same situation as the British—they will lack targets. For east and west, north and south, the seas are clean of German ships which sail on the surface.

England gets her food supplies from the United States and Canada and sends her factory products to her foreign markets the same as usual, while Germany is in siege—a sea siege. Nothing can enter into her portals, nothing come out, except past the British vessels on guard. Mysterious that British grand fleet, waiting in its unmentioned harbor! No daily bulletins of battle come from it as from the trenches on the continent. Its significance is in its silence. But every German soldier, every German man, woman and child, feels its power. That is the lesson to bear in mind. If there had been no British navy or if England had not gone into the war the mighty struggle would have been over by now, most experts think, and Germany would have won. The balance of victory has hung from the beginning on sea power. We must never let any side issue draw us away from this main thought.

Germany Second Sea Power.

The Germans did not wait for this war to learn the value of sea power. They set out to attack it by a carefully planned program of the same kind which produced their army system. From fifth place they went to fourth, then to third and then to second, passing us. Their navy being shut up in a harbor does not mean that it has ceased to be a factor in the war. It has only to lift the nets and open the mine fields and sail out when it chooses. Intact, ready, it becomes a counter in any bargain for peace. The smaller the world becomes, the closer the continents are drawn together by traffic over the seas, the more important sea power becomes. For us it must protect the Monroe doctrine, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines if we choose to retain them.

Why doesn't the British fleet go after the German fleet? Because the British fleet cannot reach it. The British fleet has accomplished its main purpose while it keeps command of the sea.

Why does not the German fleet come out? For the same reason that the American fleet would not go out if we were at war with a power having a superior navy to ours.

Nothing is so scientific and complicated as a modern man-of-war. It is a steel box holding the latest machinery of every type. Everything is done by scientific calculation. The scientific system of firing is such that you must allow for no human error of highly trained gun pointers, but only for the faults of material or variation in the strength of the powder which sends the shell on its long journey and variations of atmospheric pressure through which the shell passes. When a twelve or fifteen inch shell can be put through a target at 18,000 yards you have reached the limit of efficiency unless you can make a gun and powder which will carry farther. It is the business of every navy to be sure that the other fellow is not first with a gun that does.

Big Guns Decide Mastery of Sea.

With the same amount of training a citizen or subject of any one of the progressive nations is about as good as another in war. The Germans know this. They are familiar with the records of British target practice. Comparing these with their own, they have the cold fact of relative merit which brushes away all sentimental considerations in their practical minds. Thus for the German fleet to undertake battle means that they will have, say, 250 guns of great caliber against 400 for the British.

And these great guns decide the mastery of the sea—these giants in their armored turrets on the surface of the sea. The destroyers which play around them like cavalry outriders on the watch for submarines, the light cruisers on blockade and patrol duty, the scouts, the hydroplanes, the trawlers sweeping for mines and the mine laying ships—all are but the attendants of the great fighting ships whose guns can beat anything except ships of equal power into the sea.

There may be some doubt before a war which army will win, but there can be little doubt as to which navy will win as between two of equal efficiency. You can compute the result on paper as easily as you can the comparative assets of two banking institutions that have to weather a financial storm.

Our Target Practice Too Sparing.

In material our battleships are as good if not better than any in the world. We have held to the importance of gun power, but when it comes to battle practice we have not had enough under modern conditions with full charges, because somebody thinks full charges are too expensive.

Our fleet should not spare ammunition. The little extra that it costs to have proper practice is small beside the cost of a dreadnaught and the pay of its officers and crew. Both the German and British navies are always at the business of preparing for battle—maneuvering and training—which is the only reason for their existence. Again and again this lesson must be repeated. Give our navy the same opportunity as the British and German to be efficient.

And what about "the man behind the gun?" We talked a lot about him during the Spanish war. He is the human factor which must make all the material, from electric training gear and powder hoists, from range finding to gunfire, work smoothly. Without him a battleship is like an empty factory. It takes months after a battleship is in commission to bring her up to the standard of others in the fleet. The men in charge of the work are graduates of Annapolis, highly trained, scientific experts. They are expected to know how to handle the machinery and how to teach the enlisted men to handle it.

You may make your infantry in six months, but no one thinks that you can make a turret crew of a battleship in six months. The bluejackets whom you see occasionally about the streets of coast towns on leave, though they seem care free and easy going sons of the sea, must be as expert in their departments on board a man-of-war as watchmakers or tile layers or plumbers at their trades.

The greatest battleships have at most only twelve twelve-inch guns or ten fourteen or eight fifteen. A monster dreadnaught costs more than $10,000,000 to build. We turn out only two a year. We have in all only eight actually in commission. Upon their guns depends the fate of the nation in naval battle. Any absence of skill, any loss of self command on the part of any one member of a gun crew when shells are beating the armor of the ship also may decide the action.

Dreadnaughts must not only have the most expert service, but there must be enough of these experts. We must not run out of these skilled mechanics in time of war. Ships without men are as helpless as men without ships. We have not even enough men in active service to do the navy's work. We have to lay ships up for the want of men to man them.

Not Enough Officers on Our Ships.

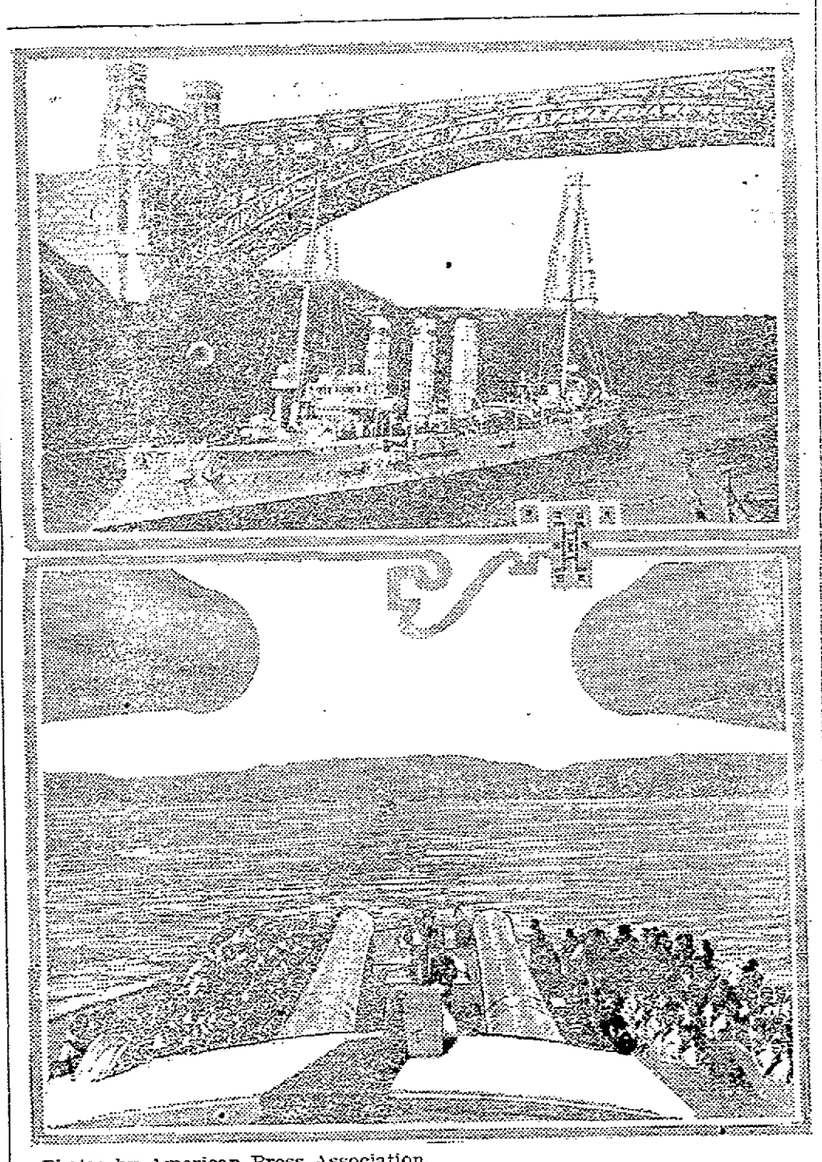
And what of officers? The men come and go, but the commissioned officers make the navy a permanent profession no less than a lawyer makes the law or an engineer engineering or a physician the practice of medicine. No profession is more exacting in the knowledge required or in the study necessary to keep up to date. They begin at their profession young, the very day as boys they enter Annapolis; they keep hard at it. Naval officers can no more be improvised on short notice in time of war than surgeons or lawyers.

As the British navy has a long term enlistment and we have a short, there is the more reason why we should have ample officers. We need them to train the recruits. Where our dreadnaught the Delaware has thirty-five officers, a ship of the same class, the Bellerophon of the British navy, has fifty-three, and the Holgoland of the German navy has fifty-four.

When war begins we shall want to put into commission immediately every naval vessel which we have in reserve. Where are we to find the men? Britain and Germany had them ready. We have not. Where are we to find the officers to take charge not only of the regular naval vessels in reserve, but all the auxiliaries which would be called into service, whether trawlers or improvised mine layers? All this work is highly technical. It will require experts for efficient results.

Along that western front where vast armies are engaged thousands of men have been killed and wounded. The daily toll of death both on the German and the allied side is staggering. A great belt of France from the British channel to Switzerland is in ruins as the price of the defense of France by land. But no British dreadnaught except the Queen Elizabeth has fired a shot. All the naval fighting has been done by the battle cruisers and smaller craft. No one has been wounded on a dreadnaught. By the fact of demonstrated superior numbers and power the British fleet has bottled the enemy behind Helgoland. In England there is no belt of ruins.

Our situation is like England's in that we have the sea between us and any enemy. There you have the greatest of all the lessons of European war for our country. It is better to stop the invader from landing than to have a bloody line of trenches from Vermont to South Carolina.



Photos by American Press Association.

GERMAN WARSHIP IN KIEL CANAL, WHERE KAISER'S FLEET IS HARBORED—QUEEN ELIZABETH ONLY BRITISH DREADNAUGHT TO FIRE A SHOT, STILL THESE BIG GUNS DECIDE MASTERY OF SEA.

Allen Starr of Littlestown is one of the fifteen applicants for appointment to the State Forestry Academy at Mont Alto, to pass successfully their preliminary examinations. He has been assigned work in the Buchanan Forest for six weeks, after which the class will undergo a further examination and the ten having the most creditable marks will be given the appointments.

Traveling Man's Experience.

"In the summer of 1888 I had a very severe attack of cholera morbus. Two physicians worked over me from four a. m. to 6 p. m. without giving me any relief and then told me they did not expect me to live; that I had best telegraph for my family. Instead of doing so, I gave the hotel porter fifty cents and told him to buy me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and take no substitute. I took a double dose according to the directions and went to sleep after the second dose. At five o'clock the next morning I was called by my order and took a train for my next stopping point, a well man but feeling rather shaky from the severity of the attack," writes H. W. Ireland, Louisville, Ky. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

G. D. Hopkins of the Hopkins Mfg. Co., of Hanover, was a business visitor in Washington this week where it is understood that he was interviewed by government authorities with regard to having this firm manufacture auto truck bodies for army use. This plant has been working recently on a rush order for 250 truck bodies for the French government.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
Advertisement.

Clear Skin Comes from Within.

It is foolish to think you can gain a good clear complexion by the use of face powder. Get at the root of the trouble and thoroughly cleanse the system with a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Gentle and mild in action, do not gripe, yet they relieve the liver by their action on the bowels. Good for young, adults and aged. Go after a clear complexion to-day. 25c. at your druggist.
Advertisement.

Chester, the 12 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Krone of near East Berlin, while playing in the barn on Sunday afternoon with several brothers and neighbor boys, jumped from the overhead and fractured the two bones in his right leg between the knee and ankle.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement.

Alpheus, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Mummert of East Berlin had the index finger of his right hand cut off by a machine he was operating in the plant of the York Manufacturing Company, and has returned to his home.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation,—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulets (25c per box) act directly on the liver and bowels. At all drug stores.
Advertisement.

Coit R. Hoechst and family are spending the summer vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Hoechst at East Berlin. Having completed several years of study at the University of Pittsburgh, Mr. Hoechst was awarded the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, and will return in September to take up educational work in the Pittsburgh high schools.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. For burns, scalds, cuts and emergencies. All druggists sell it. 25c. and 50c.
Advertisement.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement.

Miss Anna Gebhart, daughter of Nicholas Gebhart of Mt. Rock, Mt. Pleasant township, who has been a sufferer for some time from nervous prostration, has gone to Mt. Hope Sanitarium near Baltimore for treatment.

Hot weather. Littit clothing. Plenty of water inside and out. Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. Babies don't get sick.
Advertisement.

Eugene McDermitt, son of Mrs. Mary McDermitt of near Hunterstown, who has been ill at the home of his brother F. F. McDermitt near Fairfield, as the result of a severe hemorrhage, is able to be about again.

Look out for hot days—Cholera Infantum. Don't worry—use Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. 25c. Sample free.
Advertisement.

At a special meeting of the McSherrystown town council it was decided to install night bells in the homes of Pius Wagaman and H. J. Bunty. After their new auto fire truck arrives the council will arrange a system of night bells for the drivers.

RHEUMATISM
CAN BE CURED
Sufferers with Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuritis, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatoid Arthritis or Gout, no matter how severe your case is, write for my FREE book. Frederick Dodge, M. D., Dept. X. S., 372 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

Does Sloan's Liniment Help Rheumatism?

Ask the man who uses it, he knows. "To think I suffered all these years when one 25 cent bottle of Sloan's Liniment cured me," writes one grateful user. If you have Rheumatism or suffer from Neuralgia, Backache, Soreness and Stiffness, don't put off getting a bottle of Sloan's. It will give you such welcome relief. It warms and soothes the sore, stiff painful places, and you feel so much better. Buy it at any Drug Store, only 25 cents.
Advertisement.

Witmer's Park near Littlestown, which has been a picnic ground for the past seven or eight years has been officially closed to the public and the buildings on the site will be torn down in the near future. The management of the park states that the fare of 25 cents round trip charged by the Hanover and McSherrystown trolley was excessive and as no reductions were made for picnics the park was losing its popularity.

Help for Those Who Have Stomach Trouble.

After doctoring for about twelve years for a bad stomach trouble and spending nearly five hundred dollars for medicine and doctor's fees, I purchased my wife one box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which did her so much good that she continued to use them and they have done her more good than all of the medicine I bought before.—Samuel Boyer, Folsom, Iowa. This medicine is for sale by The People's Drug Store. Samples free.
Advertisement.

Fire destroyed part of the blacksmith shop of Bernard S. Jenkins in Oxford township on Thursday evening. The fire is supposed to have started from spontaneous combustion and it was only by the prompt work of neighbors that the other buildings were saved, a well was pumped dry before the blaze was under control. James Livelsperger is the tenant, and the loss of about $150 is covered by insurance.

Well Children Are Active.

If your child is dull, pale, fretful and wants to lie around, the chances are it is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer, a pleasant candy confection, liked by all children is what your child needs. You only give one-half to one lozenge at a time and you get immediate results. Every mother should have a box on hand. 25c. at all druggists.
Advertisement.

A hen belonging to L. S. Snyder of Huntington township hatched out twenty partridges one day last week from a nest of eggs that had been deserted by the mother partridge. Mr. Snyder discovered the nest while mowing briars and as the mother bird had been frightened away he took the eggs home.

Diarrhoea Quickly Cured.

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted for over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buford, N. D. I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

Mrs. Peter L. Trostle of route 5, Gettysburg, has a peony plant that contains 128 flowers. It is believed that this breaks the record in the county for this particular variety of plant.

Benefitted by Chamberlain's Liniment.

"Last winter I used Chamberlain's Liniment for rheumatic pains, stiffness and soreness of the knees, and can conscientiously say that I never used anything that did me so much good."—Edward Craft, Elba, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

Nevin Tschop, formerly of East Berlin, and who was visiting there the past week, was ordered to report at Newport News, Va., to begin work in the department in which he enlisted. It is his duty to take account of the stock which is placed on board the warships before they leave the harbor for active service.

Twenty-five Cents is the Price of Peace.

The terrible itching and smarting, incident to certain skin diseases, is almost instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Salve. Price 25 cents. For sale by The People's Drug Store.
Advertisement.

William Mehring of Cumberland township fell from a tree while picking cherries on Friday and had several ribs broken and ligaments torn.

Beauty More than Skin Deep.

A beautiful woman always has good digestion. If your digestion is faulty, Chamberlain's Tablets will do you good. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

George Heller of Menallen township sold his 50 acre farm to A. A. Beamer. Terms private. Possession April 1, 1917.

Feel languid, weak, run down? Headache? Stomach "off?" A good remedy is Burdock Blood Bitters. Ask your druggist. Price $1.00.
Advertisement.

When he fell from a ladder Saturday morning Maurice Fissel, 7 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Fissel of near Barlow, broke a bone in his arm.

For any itchiness of the skin, for skin rashes, chap, pimples, etc., try Doan's Ointment. 50c. at all drug stores.
Advertisement.

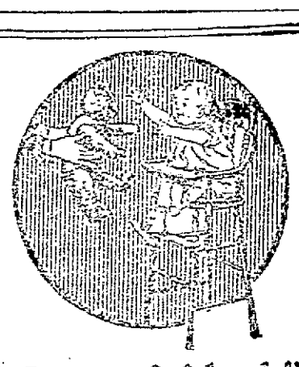
Elmer N. Gruver who was graduated from the Cumberland Valley State Normal School this week has been elected principal of the East Berlin public schools, which will open for the fall term August 28th.

WE WANT a man or woman in every town where we are not already represented, to introduce BROWN HERB TABLETS guaranteed remedy for Constipation, Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Over 100% profit, Easy seller, repeat orders, Permanent income. Write for pamphlets, FREE SAMPLES and terms. BROWN HERB CO, 66 Murray St, New York City.

William Slonaker, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Slonaker of Gettysburg, has enlisted in a Philadelphia regiment and left for the front with the Pennsylvania troops this week.

Pickles
In sealed sanitary cans. Finest for table use and baking. Ask your grocer for it. Send postal card for booklet of Prize Recipes to
P. DUFF & SONS
920 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Coughs
Kill If You Let Them.
Instead kill your Cough with DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY. It heals irritated Throat and Lungs. Thousands in last 40 years benefited by
Dr. King's
New Discovery
Money Back If It Fails
All Druggists 50c. and $1.00



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10.13 a. m. Daily for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, Chicago and the West, also Elkins, W. Va.

6.07 p. m. Daily for Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

6.55 p. m. Daily, except Sunday, for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

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